

FEDERAL REGISTER

VOLUME 11 NUMBER 163

Washington, Wednesday, August 21, 1946

Regulations

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter XI—Production and Marketing Administration (War Food Distribution Orders)

[WFO 54-5, Amdt. 1]

PART 1401—DAIRY PRODUCTS

DRIED SKIM MILK

War Food Order No. 54-5 (11 F.R. 7400) is hereby amended as follows:

1. By deleting from § 1401.214 (b) the term "40 percent," wherever it appears therein, and by inserting in lieu thereof the term "zero percent."

2. By adding at the end of § 1401.214 (b) the following additional sentence: "The quantity of spray dried skim milk set aside by each producer during July 1946 in excess of a quantity equivalent to 30 percent of the particular person's total production of spray dried skim milk during that month is released from any and all restrictions; and the quantity of roller dried skim milk set aside by each producer during July 1946 in excess of a quantity equivalent to 30 percent of the particular person's total production of roller dried skim milk during that month is released from any and all restrictions."

The provisions of this amendment shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., e. s. t., August 1, 1946. With respect to violations, rights accrued, liabilities incurred, or appeals taken under said War Food Order No. 54-5 prior to the effective time of the provisions of this amendment, the provisions of said War Food Order No. 54-5 in effect prior to the effective time of the provisions of this amendment shall be deemed to continue in full force and effect for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action or other proceeding with regard to any such violation, right, liability or appeal.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9577, 10 F.R. 8087; WFO 54, as amended, 11 F.R. 4781, 5105, 5438, 6271)

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

[SEAL]

E. A. MEYER,
Acting Administrator,
Production and Marketing
Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14577; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946; 11:11 a. m.]

[WFO 16, Amdt. 8]

PART 1407—DRIED FRUIT

RAISINS AND ZANTE CURRANTS

War Food Order No. 16, as amended (10 F.R. 12076, 12979, 14685; 11 F.R. 5105), is hereby further amended to read as follows:

§ 1407.1 *Restrictions with respect to raisins and Zante currants*—(a) *Definitions*. (1) "Raisins" means the Thompson seedless, Muscat, or Sultana varieties of grapes preserved by the removal of part of the natural moisture, and includes, but is not limited to, such fruit in the processed or unprocessed condition, damaged raisins, substandard raisins, sweepings, stems, and blows.

(2) "Zante currants" means the Zante currant variety of grapes preserved by the removal of a part of the natural moisture, and includes, but is not limited to, such fruit in the processed or unprocessed condition, damaged Zante currants, substandard Zante currants, sweepings, stems, and blows.

(3) "Administrator" means the Administrator, Production and Marketing Administration, United States Department of Agriculture, or any officer or employee of the United States Department of Agriculture to whom the Administrator has heretofore lawfully delegated, or to whom he may hereafter lawfully delegate, the authority to act in his stead.

(4) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, or any organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not.

(b) *Restrictions*. (1) No person shall, unless specifically authorized by the Administrator, purchase, accept delivery of, or use any raisins or any Zante currants for conversion into alcohol, brandy, wine, any other beverage (whether alcoholic or not), any concentrate, any syrup, any paste, or any non-food product or non-food by-product.

(2) No person shall sell or deliver any raisins or any Zante currants with knowledge or reason to believe that such raisins or Zante currants, or any portion thereof, will be used for conversion into alcohol, brandy, wine, any other beverage (whether alcoholic or not), any concentrate, any syrup, any paste, or any non-food product or non-food by-product except to (1) the United States

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Department of Agriculture (including, but not limited to, any corporate agency thereof); or (ii) any person designated by the Administrator.

(c) *Audits and inspections.* The Administrator shall be entitled to make such audits and inspections of the books, records and other writings, premises or stocks of raisins and Zante currants, and to make such investigations as may be necessary or appropriate, in the Administrator's discretion, to the enforcement or administration of this order.

(d) *Records and reports.* (1) The Administrator shall be entitled to obtain such information from, and to require such reports and the keeping of such records by, any person, as may be necessary or appropriate, in the Administrator's discretion, to the enforcement or administration of the provisions of this order, subject to the approval of the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(2) Every person subject to this order shall, for at least two years (or for such period of time as the Administrator may designate), maintain an accurate record of his transactions in raisins and Zante currants.

(e) *Petition for relief from hardship.* Any person affected by this order who considers that compliance therewith would work an exceptional or unreasonable hardship on him may file a petition for relief with the Order Administrator. Such petition shall be addressed to Order Administrator, WFO 16, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C. Petitions for such relief shall be in writing and shall set forth all pertinent facts and the nature of the relief sought. The Order Administrator may take any action with reference to such petition which is consistent with the authority delegated to him by the Administrator. If the petitioner is dissatisfied with the action taken by the Order Administrator on the petition, he shall obtain, by requesting the Order Administrator therefor, a review of such action by the Administrator. The Administrator may, after said review, take such action as he deems appropriate, and such action shall be final. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be construed to deprive the Administrator of authority to consider originally any petition for relief from hardship submitted in accordance herewith. The Administrator may consider any such petition and take such action with reference thereto that he deems appropriate, and such action shall be final.

(f) *Violations.* Any person who violates any provision of this order may, in accordance with the applicable procedure, be prohibited from receiving, making any deliveries of, or using raisins or Zante currants. In addition, any person who willfully violates any provision of this order is guilty of a crime and may be prosecuted under any and all applicable laws. Further, civil action may be instituted to enforce any liability or duty created by, or to enjoin any violation of, any provision of this order.

(g) *Delegation of authority.* The administration of this order and the powers vested in the Secretary of Agriculture, insofar as such powers relate to the administration of this order, are hereby delegated to the Administrator. The Administrator is authorized to redelegate to any employee of the United States Department of Agriculture any or all of the authority vested in him by this order.

(h) *Communications.* All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise provided herein or in instructions issued by the Administrator, be addressed to the Order Administrator, WFO 16, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C.

(i) *Effective date.* This order shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., P. S. T., August 20, 1946. With respect to violations, rights accrued, liabilities incurred, or appeals taken under said War Food Order No. 16, as amended, prior to the effective time of the provisions hereof, the provisions of the said War Food Order No. 16, as amended, in effect prior to the effective time of the provisions hereof shall be deemed to continue in full force and effect for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action, or other proceeding in regard to any such violation, right, liability, or appeal.

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this order have been approved by, and subsequent reporting and record-keeping requirements will be subject to the approval of, Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9577, 10 F.R. 8087)

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

[SEAL] CLINTON P. ANDERSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14576, Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:11 a. m.]

Chapter IV—Production and Marketing Administration (Crop Insurance)

PART 419—COTTON CROP INSURANCE REGULATIONS FOR THE 1947 AND SUCCEEDING CROP YEARS

Correction

In Federal Register Document 46-14007, appearing at page 8761 of the issue for Wednesday, August 14, 1946, the following changes should be made:

1. In the third line of § 419.4 (b) the word "set" should read "met".

2. In the table in § 419.8 (a) the number of pounds for coverage group 16, Level B, third stage should read "103"

and for coverage group 32, Level C, third stage the number of pounds should read "557".

3. In the third line of § 419.19 (a) the word "insurance" should read "issuance".

4. In the paragraph entitled "Georgia" in § 419.42 the county "Pauldino" should read "Paulding".

TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter I—Civil Aeronautics Board

[Regs., Serial No. 372]

PART 04—AIRPLANE AIRWORTHINESS

AUTHORIZATION TO ADMINISTRATOR OF CIVIL AERONAUTICS TO ISSUE TEMPORARY AIRWORTHINESS CERTIFICATE FOR CERTAIN AIRCRAFT OF VETERANS' AIR EXPRESS COMPANY WHEN USED FOR SPECIFIED WAR RELIEF PURPOSES

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 15th day of August 1946.

It appearing that:

(a) An emergency charter flight from the United States to Greece will relieve human distress by transporting medical supplies and other needed cargo;

(b) Such transportation is sponsored by the Greek War Relief Association, Inc., for the relief of Greek citizens;

(c) No persons other than the crew will be carried in such aircraft.

Now, therefore, the following Special Civil Air Regulation is made and promulgated to become effective August 17, 1946:

The Administrator is authorized to issue a temporary NC airworthiness certificate for a type C-54A aircraft, identified by registration number 57777, in the name of the Veterans' Air Express Company, Newark, New Jersey. Such airworthiness certificate shall be restricted to carrying cargo for the Greek War Relief Association, Inc., and shall be valid only for one round trip between the United States and Greece. The airworthiness certificate shall expire upon either the return of the aircraft to its home base or September 20, 1946, whichever comes first, and immediately thereafter it shall be surrendered to the Administrator.

NOTE: This regulation affects Part 04 of the Civil Air Regulations, in effect prior to November 9, 1945.

(52 Stat. 984, 1007; 49 U.S.C. 425, 551)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14558; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
10:52 a. m.]

TITLE 19—CUSTOMS DUTIES

Chapter I—Bureau of Customs, Department of the Treasury

[T. D. 51520]

PART 14—APPRAISEMENT

EXAMINATION OF MERCHANDISE

It is my opinion that the examination of less than 1 package of every 10 packages, but not less than 1 package of every

invoice, of the merchandise hereinafter described, if such merchandise is (1) imported in packages the contents and values of which are uniform, or (2) imported in packages the contents of which are identical as to character although differing as to quantity and value per package, will amply protect the revenue:

Alloys containing lead.
Antimonial lead.
Artificial flowers.
Ball bearings.
Bamboo blinds.
Bamboo hats.
Bamboo screens.
Bitters.
Blocks, cork for life preservers.
Bottle caps.
Boxes, wooden.
Braids, straw.
Bristles, sorted, bunched or prepared.
Candles.
Capers.
Cellophane in sheets.
Celluloid in sheets.
Chocolate in bars and blocks.
Cocoa prepared.
Envelopes.
Filter paper.
Footwear, rubber-soled.
Jute burlap fabrics from Scotland.
Meat extract.
Tin alloy.
Wallpaper.

Therefore, by virtue of the authority contained in sections 499 and 624 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U. S. C. secs. 1499 and 1624), I do by this special regulation permit and authorize a less number of packages than 1 package of every 10 packages, but not less than 1 package of every invoice, of the above-described merchandise to be examined.

This special regulation shall not be construed to preclude the examination of packages in addition to the minimum number hereby permitted to be examined if the collector or the appraiser shall deem it necessary that a greater number of packages be examined.

In view of the foregoing, § 14.1 (b), Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR, Cum. Supp., 14.1 (b)), as amended by T.D. 50959 (8 F.R. 15361), T.D. 51090 (9 F.R. 7743), T.D. 51269 (10 F.R. 8683), T.D. 51315 (10 F.R. 12037), and T.D. 51437 (11 F.R. 3943), containing a list of merchandise as to which collectors are especially authorized to designate for examination less than 1 package of every 10 packages, is hereby amended by inserting in said list in proper alphabetical position the following:

Alloys containing lead.
Antimonial lead.
Artificial flowers.
Ball bearings.
Bamboo blinds.
Bamboo hats.
Bamboo screens.
Bitters.
Blocks, cork for life preservers.
Bottle caps.
Boxes, wooden.
Braids, straw.
Bristles, sorted, bunched or prepared.
Candles.
Capers.
Cellophane in sheets.
Celluloid in sheets.
Chocolate in bars and blocks.
Cocoa, prepared.
Envelopes.
Filter paper.
Footwear, rubber-soled.
Jute burlap fabrics from Scotland.
Meat extract.

Tin alloy.
Wallpaper.

The number of this Treasury decision shall be added as a marginal notation to § 14.1 (b).

(Sec. 499, 46 Stat. 728, secs. 15, 16 (a), 52 Stat. 1084, sec. 624, 46 Stat. 759; 19 U.S.C. 1499, 1624)

[SEAL]

W. R. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: August 16, 1946.

E. H. FOLEY, Jr.,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14579; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:12 a. m.]

TITLE 30—MINERAL RESOURCES

Chapter II—Geological Survey, Department of the Interior

DELEGATIONS OF AUTHORITY

CROSS REFERENCES: For delegations of authority with respect to functions relating to boundaries and operators under unitization agreements, acceptance of easements, and claimed discoveries of new oil and gas fields, see §§ 4.611 to 4.613 of Subtitle A of Title 43, *infra*.

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter VIII—Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce

Subchapter B—Export Control

[Amdt. 228]

PART 802—GENERAL LICENSES

GIFT PARCELS TO ENEMY PRISONERS OF WAR

Part 802 *General licenses* is hereby amended by adding thereto § 802.31 as follows:

§ 802.31 *Gift parcels to enemy prisoners of war*—(a) *General license*. There is hereby granted a general license authorizing, subject to the other provisions of this section, the exportation of gift parcels to prisoners of war in custody of the armed forces of the United States, Great Britain and France.

(b) *General provisions*. No parcel may be exported under this section except by means of parcel post. No parcel shall contain commodities in excess of a total value of \$25.00. No parcel shall exceed in weight a total of 11 pounds.

For the purpose of this section, a gift parcel is defined as a parcel containing commodities donated by a person in the United States to any enemy prisoner of war held in custody by the armed forces of the United States, Great Britain or France.

(c) *Special provisions*—(1) *Gift parcels to prisoners of war in custody of the United States*. No gift parcel may be sent under this section to enemy prisoners of war held in the European theatre by the United States armed forces except by persons who have received an official label issued by the United States Army authorities to prisoners of war, and sent to such persons by a prisoner of war. This label must be affixed to address side of the parcel when mailed.

Commodities which may be included in a gift parcel are restricted to non-perishable foodstuffs, clothing, soaps and shaving preparations, medicinals and vitamins, and other similar items of relief nature. No written or printed matter of any kind shall be included in the parcel.

(2) *Gift parcels to prisoners of war in custody of Great Britain*. No gift parcel may be sent under this section to enemy prisoners of war held by the armed forces of Great Britain except by persons who have received an official label issued by the British Army authorities to prisoners of war, and sent to such persons by a prisoner of war. This label must be affixed to address side of the parcel when mailed.

Commodities which may be included in a gift parcel are restricted to clothing, soaps and shaving preparations, medicinals and vitamins, and similar items of a relief nature. No foodstuffs or written or printed matter of any kind shall be included in any parcel.

(3) *Gift parcels to prisoners of war in custody of France*. No gift parcel may be sent under this section to enemy prisoners of war held by the armed forces of the French Government except by persons who have received a letter of request from such prisoner of war giving a complete address, including the surname and first name, registration number, depot number, city and department of such prisoner of war. The full name and address of the sender and the surname and first name and registration number of the prisoner of war must be enclosed on a sheet of paper in the parcel.

Not more than one such gift parcel may be sent by the same donor to the same prisoner of war in any calendar week.

Commodities which may be included in gift parcels are restricted to non-perishable foodstuffs, soaps and shaving preparations and clothing, such as sweaters or pullovers. No outer clothing of civilian nature may be included in a gift parcel. No written or printed matter other than the sheet of paper containing the name and address of the sender and name and registration number of the prisoner of war may be included in the parcel.

(d) *General license designation*. No gift parcel shall be mailed under this section unless the symbol "Prisoner of War—Gift Parcel" is written on the address side of the parcel and on any customs declaration required by the Bureau of Customs. The inscription on the parcel of the symbol "Prisoner of War—Gift Parcel" shall constitute a certification by the donor that the shipment complies with the provisions of this section.

(Sec. 6, 54 Stat. 714; 55 Stat. 206; 56 Stat. 463; 58 Stat. 671; 59 Stat. 270; Pub. Law 389, 79th Congress; E. O. 8900, 6 F.R. 4795; E.O. 9361, 8 F.R. 9861; Order No. 1, 8 F.R. 9938; E.O. 9380, 8 F.R. 13081; E.O. 9630, 10 F.R. 12245; Order No. 390, 10 F.R. 13130)

Dated: August 16, 1946.

JOHN C. BORTON,
Director,
Requirements and Supply Branch.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14534; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
9:46 a. m.]

Chapter XI—Office of Price Administration

PART 1305—ADMINISTRATION

[SO 171, Amdt. 2, § 1305.199]

HOW SELLERS ARE TO TREAT COSTS INCURRED DURING THE PERIOD JULY 1 TO JULY 25, 1946

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this supplementary order, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Supplementary Order No. 171 is amended in the following respects:

1. In section 2 (a) the phrase "or delivering them" is added at the end of the first sentence following the word "goods".

2. In section 3 (a) the phrase "or delivery of the finished product" is added at the end of the first sentence following the word "sale".

This supplementary order shall become effective on the 19th day of August 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14495; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
4:07 p. m.]

PART 1375—EXPORT PRICES

[3d Rev. Max. Export Price Reg.]

EXPORT PRICES

Second Revised Maximum Export Price Regulation is redesignated the Third Revised Maximum Export Price Regulation and is amended to read as follows:

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this regulation has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

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APPENDIX C—APPLICATION FORM

26. Application form for filing to obtain maximum prices.

AUTHORITY: § 1375.1 issued under 56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; Pub. Laws 108 and 548, 79th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7671 and E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681; E.O. 9599, 10 F.R. 10155; E.O. 9651, 10 F.R. 13487, E.O. 9697, 11 F.R. 1691.

ARTICLE I—SCOPE OF THIS REGULATION

SECTION 1. *Control of prices of commodities on sales for export and export sales*—(a) *Purpose of this regulation.* This 3d Revised Maximum Export Price Regulation is designed to establish maximum prices on all commodities exported from the continental United States in order that the control of prices of commodities sold for domestic use may not be disrupted by a diversion of commodities out of the United States into foreign markets.

(b) *Coverage of this regulation.* This regulation controls the prices of all commodities on sales for export and export sales if the prices of such commodities are controlled on sales for domestic use. It overrides and supersedes all price regulations issued by the Office of Price Administration inconsistent with this regulation insofar as prices are controlled on export sales. In general, it provides formula methods for determining maximum prices. The computed maximum prices for commodities under this regulation are based on maximum prices for the same commodities on sales for domestic use with the addition of any historical export markup and the addition of expenses incident to exportation. Prices are controlled by this regulation both on sales for export; that is, on sales where the commodity is delivered to a purchaser in the continental United States for subsequent exportation, and on export sales; that is, where the seller delivers the commodity to a purchaser located outside the continental United States.

This 3d Revised Maximum Export Price Regulation does not rescind or revoke any general or individual orders issued under the prior issuances of the Export Regulation by the Price Administrator or any maximum price filings for export pricing accepted by the Office of Price Administration.

(c) *Exceptions.* The following classes of export sales are exempt from price control:

(1) Sales of a commodity the price of which is not controlled on a sale of the same commodity when made by a seller located in the continental United States to a domestic purchaser similar to the purchaser outside the continental United States.

(2) Sales of a commodity transported into the continental United States which is stored in transit in a free zone established under the laws of the United States and which is not to be removed

for subsequent sale in the continental United States.

(3) Sales of a commodity transported into the continental United States (if the same commodity was not previously exported from the continental United States) and which is not to be subsequently sold in the continental United States, entered at the customs "in transit" on either a "Transportation and Exportation" (T. E.) entry or on an "Exportation" (Exp.) entry and remaining on such entry up to the time of exportation.

(4) Sales of a commodity which is processed or manufactured in bond exclusively from imported materials which is to be subsequently exported and which is not to be removed for subsequent sale in the continental United States.

(5) Sales of a commodity manufactured from imported textiles, or imported metals if the constituent imported commodities in it make up not less than 90 percent by weight of the exported commodity, provided the importer makes a declaration of "drawback" and files a statement of intention to export with the Office of Export-Import, Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C., at the time of or prior to the importation of the constituent imported ingredients.

ARTICLE II—PRICING PROVISIONS

SEC. 2. *Maximum price formulas for sales for export*—(a) *Formula for computing a maximum price on sales for export to procurement agencies of the United States Government.* The maximum price on any sale by any person of any commodity on a sale for export (except as to sales exempted from price control according to section 1 or as specifically provided in section 8) to a procurement agency of the United States Government (other than the armed forces) shall be determined as follows:

(1) Take the seller's basic maximum price for the commodity applicable to a domestic sale to the United States Government (or sale for export, if provided) as established under the price regulation controlling the commodity's sale price on the domestic market;

(2) Add extra packaging costs in accordance with 2d Revised Supplementary Order 34 or Supplementary Order 106 issued by the Office of Price Administration;

(3) Add any increased cost of installation and other necessary services which would not be incurred on a domestic sale of the commodity, regardless of whether performed within or outside the continental United States;

(4) Except, if the price regulation controlling the price of the commodity on a domestic sale contains an express provision with reference to any of the above-specified costs on sales to such agencies of the United States Government; that provision in such regulation shall be applicable.

(b) *Formula for computing a maximum price on sales for export to any person (including purchasing missions of foreign governments) other than procurement agencies of the United States Government.* The maximum price on any sale for export (except as to sales exempted from price control according

to section 1 or as specifically provided in section 8) by any person of any commodity to any person (including purchasing missions of foreign governments) other than procurement agencies of the United States Government shall be determined as follows:

(1) Take the basic maximum price for the commodity applicable to a domestic sale by the seller to a primary wholesaler (or sale for export if provided) as established under the price regulation controlling the commodity's sale price on the domestic market;

(2) Add the actual export costs incurred if allowed in section 4 (a), provided the seller shows such export costs separately on the sales invoice to the purchaser;

(3) Add the amount of any subsidy or benefit allowed in section 4 (b);

(4) Subtract the deductions required in section 5.

SEC. 3. Maximum price formulas for export sales. The maximum price on any export sale of any commodity (except as to sales exempted from price control according to section 1 or as specifically provided in section 8) shall be determined as follows:

(a) *If the sale is by an exporter other than the producer of the commodity being priced (merchant-exporter).* (1)

(i) Take the basic maximum price, applicable to a current domestic sale by the producer of the commodity to that exporter where provided, otherwise to a primary wholesaler (with discount reductions as required); or as provided in Appendix A; (ii) add the amount of subsidy or benefit allowed in section 4 (b); (iii) add the markup allowed in section 6 or optionally, according to section 7; (iv) add the actual export costs incurred if allowed in section 4 (a); (v) subtract the deductions required in section 5; or, alternately,

(2) (i) Take the basic maximum domestic price applicable to such exporter's sale of the commodity being priced if the delivery were to be in the continental United States to a domestic purchaser similar to the purchaser to whom such exporter is selling outside the continental United States; (ii) add the amount of subsidy or benefit allowed in section 4 (b); (iii) add the actual export costs incurred if allowed in section 4 (a); (iv) subtract the deductions required in section 5.

(b) *If the sale is by an exporter who is the producer of the commodity being priced (producer-exporter).* (1) Take the basic maximum sale price applicable to the exporting producer's sale of the commodity if the delivery were to a purchaser in the continental United States of a class similar to the purchaser to whom such exporter is selling outside the continental United States; (2) add the amount of subsidy or benefit allowed in section 4 (b); (3) add the markup allowed in section 6 or optionally, according to section 7; (4) add the actual export costs incurred if allowed in section 4 (a); (5) subtract the deductions required in section 5.

(c) *If the seller is a producer of a commodity which is not sold by any seller for domestic use, or is not sold by any seller for domestic use to a purchaser similar to the purchaser to whom such*

exporter is selling outside the continental United States, such exporter's maximum export price shall be determined as follows: (1) If such commodity has been exported prior to April 15, 1942: (i) Take an average of the prices on the day on which such producer last sold such commodity just prior to April 15, 1942; (ii) add the amount of any increases in the present maximum price on a domestic sale of the nearest comparable commodity of equal or lower grade since April 15, 1942.

(2) If such commodity has not been exported prior to April 15, 1942, a basic maximum price shall be established by the exporter under the appropriate price regulation controlling prices for such sales on the domestic market. The maximum price so established shall be the basic price used by the exporter in establishing his maximum export price under the provisions of section 3 (b) of this regulation.

(3) *Provided, however,* That before making any sales at maximum prices computed according to section 3 (c) a statement showing the details of such computation must be filed by the exporter by registered mail addressed to the Office of Export-Import, Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C.

(4) Maximum prices automatically established under the provisions of this section may be revised by the Price Administrator at any time.

SEC. 4. Allowable additions to basic maximum domestic prices—(a) Allowable additions of costs incurred in making export sales or sales for export. Export costs may be added to the basic maximum domestic price, as provided in sections 2 and 3, limited as follows:

(1) The costs actually incurred over and above those incurred and included in the maximum price for a domestic sale if the commodity were delivered to a purchaser for use in the continental United States for the following: (i) Export packaging, (ii) local drayage, including waiting time at the dock, loading and unloading, tollage, switching, dumping and trimming, lighterage and wharfage, (iii) inland freight in the continental United States and in the country of delivery (at the export rate where applicable), (iv) ocean freight, (v) insurance, (vi) consular fees, blanks and certification, (vii) demurrage, (viii) costs incurred for storage at the port of exit while awaiting shipment, *Provided,* The goods remain packed in the same form as they are to be exported, and have been stored in a warehouse or other storage facilities not owned or controlled by the exporter, (ix) fees paid to a freight forwarder not owned or controlled by the exporter, (x) bank collection charges but not financing charges, (xi) servicing, installing, inspection fees or special engineering costs either before or after exportation, and (xii) foreign taxes.

(2) The amount of the additions allowed by this section shall be itemized separately on the invoice on sales for export and on export sales to Territories and Possessions of the United States, but need not be itemized separately on other export sales.

(b) *Allowable additions of subsidy or benefit.* The amount of any subsidy or

similar benefit which the seller would be entitled to receive on a sale of the commodity being priced when such sale is made domestically and to which the seller would not be entitled on an export sale, and any amount the seller has to reimburse the United States Government by reason of not selling the commodity domestically, may be added to the basic maximum price in computing a maximum price under sections 2 and 3.

SEC. 5. Deductions required. There shall be subtracted from the basic maximum price in computing a maximum price under sections 2 and 3 above, the following:

(a) The amount of any drawback of import duties or excise taxes or export subsidy, less the cost incurred in obtaining such amount, unless the retention of such amount does not increase the markup beyond the amount allowed by section 6 or optionally, according to section 7;

(b) The amount of any excise tax not paid upon a commodity to be exported but included in the basic maximum domestic price.

SEC. 6. Export markups—(a) Meaning of export markup. The export markup, which shall include any commission paid to a foreign agent and which shall be representative of any base period differentials existing because of country of destination, size or value of order, credit terms, risks and functions performed, is:

(1) *If the sale is by an exporter other than the producer (merchant-exporter),* the difference between such exporter's cost of acquisition and his sale price to a particular purchaser outside the continental United States using a common basing point (as defined in section 10) and with comparable packaging;

(2) *If the sale is by an exporter who is the producer (producer-exporter),* the difference between the price at which he sold the commodity for domestic use to a domestic purchaser similar to the purchaser outside the continental United States and the net price at which he sold such commodity to such purchaser outside the continental United States using a common basing point (as defined in section 10) and without the addition of export packaging.

(b) *Qualifications for export markup.* (1) An exporter shall not add an export markup unless he qualifies by performing all the following functions:

(i) (a) Maintains an office, branch or agent in the area outside the continental United States to which shipment is to be made, or

(b) Receives the order directly without transmission through any third party in the continental United States from the purchaser outside the continental United States;

(ii) Makes shipment to a purchaser outside of the continental United States either directly or through the seller's or purchaser's agent or confirming house;

(iii) Sends an invoice (original or copy) directly to the purchaser located outside the continental United States and not through the medium of a third party; except, however, that if the exporter receives payment from a commercial bank located in the continental United States and the terms of payment

require that invoices be presented to and forwarded by the bank, this function may be so performed;

(iv) Obtains an export license (where one is required) in his own name properly identifying the commodity to be exported;

(v) Keeps records of the transaction as required in section 17.

(2) An exporter shall not add an export markup on a commodity as an exporter other than a producer and is considered for determination of an applicable markup as an exporter who is the producer, if such exporter is, either:

(i) A firm, corporation or business organization owned or controlled by or under common ownership with the producer of that commodity (control shall be deemed to result from, but shall not be limited to ownership or control of stock or other interests amounting to or exceeding 50%), or

(ii) A firm, corporation or business organization under the management of, using any of the officers or employees of, or using the same place of business as the producer of that commodity, or

(iii) A firm, corporation or business organization which exports 50% or more of the total output of the producer of that commodity, or

(iv) A firm, corporation or business organization currently producing the same class of commodity.

(c) *Allowable export markups.* The export markups which may be added to the basic maximum domestic prices in computing maximum export prices as provided in section 3, if the seller meets the qualifications set out in paragraph (b) above and files them as set out in paragraph (d) below, are as follows:

(1) *If the sale is by an exporter other than the producer (merchant-exporter),* (i) Take the average markup (either dollars-and-cents or percentage depending upon the exporter's base period practice) applied by such exporter on his export sales of the same class of commodity during any six-months' or twelve-months' period between January 1, 1939 and December 31, 1940, or if he made no export sales between those dates, then during the nearest 12-months' period prior to January 1, 1939 within which he made sales, increased by 25% of such markup. (Such markup may be added only to the maximum price applicable on the sale to the exporter by the manufacturer or by a Government Surplus Disposal Agency), or optionally,

(ii) Take the markup for the commodity or class of commodity as specified in Appendix A.

(2) *If the sale is by an exporter who is the producer (producer-exporter),* (i) Take the average markup (either dollars-and-cents or percentage, depending upon the exporter's base period practice) applied by such exporter on his export sales of the same class of commodity during any six-months' or twelve-months' period between January 1, 1939 and December 31, 1940, or if he made no export sales between those dates, then during the nearest twelve-months' period prior to January 1, 1939 within which he made sales, increased by 25% of such markup, or, optionally,

(ii) Take a markup of 3%, except on sales where the commodity is exported to Canada.

(d) Before making any sale including a markup which has not been filed with the Office of Price Administration prior to August 20, 1946, a *producer-exporter* shall file a statement with the Office of Export-Import, Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C., correctly showing his allowable export markup, applicable for each commodity and in each area to which such commodity is to be shipped, determined as above, with the details showing his method of determination.

SEC. 7. *Specific commodity export markups.* The Price Administrator may, upon a seller's application, or on his own motion by regulation, amendment, individual orders or general orders, establish, adjust or revise export markups and establish specific export markups on sales of specific commodities for export or on export sales. A list of specific commodities with specific export markups for exporters other than producers is set out in section 24, Appendix A, which may be applied by such exporters optionally instead of the export markups provided in section 6.

SEC. 8. *Specific commodity maximum export price formulas.* The Price Administrator may, upon a seller's application or on his own motion by regulation, amendment, individual orders or general orders, establish, adjust or revise maximum prices on sales for export and export sales. Specific commodities with specific maximum prices or formulas for specific commodity maximum prices are set out in Section 25, Appendix B. These supersede the formulas in section 3 and shall be applied in computing maximum prices.

SEC. 9. *Application filing and automatic price authorization—*(a) *Application for maximum prices or markups for use in computing maximum prices.* Application for a maximum price on a sale for export or a maximum export price, a formula for establishing such maximum prices, a markup for use in establishing such maximum prices or allowable export packaging costs shall be sent by registered mail to the Office of Export-Import, Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C., and shall contain information as shown on the form in section 26, Appendix C.

(b) *Automatic authorization after application.* The suggested maximum price, markup, formula for establishing a maximum price or the percentage packaging costs shown in an application properly filed shall be considered automatically authorized 20 days after the application (or additional data when requested) is received by the Office of Export-Import, Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C., unless within that time the applicant has received from the Office of Price Administration a notice to the contrary. Such authorization may be revised by the Price Administrator at any time.

ARTICLE III—DEFINITIONS

SEC. 10. *Specific definitions.* The following definitions shall be applicable

whenever the words or terms defined are used in this regulation:

(a) "Basic maximum price" is a maximum price, at the point of shipment by the seller, applicable under the price regulation controlling prices of domestic sales of the commodity being priced. It also is the maximum price on a sale for export of that commodity if the regulation controlling its price on domestic sales establishes a maximum price on a sale for export.

(b) "Common basing point" means the point at which a maximum price has been established for the domestic sale, whether FOB plant, FOB point of origin, delivered within a specific area, or delivered free to buyer's customary receiving point. When such price is a delivered price its delivery shall be, in the case of an export sale or sale for export, to a carrier for shipment to the foreign destination or the place of departure of such carrier.

(c) "Continental United States" means only the 48 states and the District of Columbia.

(d) "Domestic purchaser similar to the purchaser outside the continental United States" means a domestic purchaser of the same general class as the purchaser outside the continental United States, for example, manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, distributor, government agency, individual consumer or other class of purchaser for which the seller has an established price.

(e) "Domestic sale" is a sale by a seller with delivery of the commodity in the continental United States for use in the continental United States.

(f) "Exporter" means any seller selling a commodity priced under this regulation either directly or through an agent and delivering, or shipping, to a person at a place outside the continental United States.

(g) "Export sale" is a sale to a person located outside the continental United States by a seller who invoices it and ships it from the continental United States to a point outside thereof regardless of whether the invoicing is done within or outside the continental United States by the seller or his agent.

(h) "Producer" means the manufacturer, producer, miller, converter or Webb-Pomerene Association or other business organization manufacturing or producing the commodity being priced.

(i) "Sale for export" is a sale by a seller with delivery to a purchaser in the continental United States of a commodity which is to be subsequently shipped outside the continental United States.

(j) "Same class of commodity" includes commodities of the same general character and use to which, according to the seller's customary practice, an approximately equal markup was applied in determining selling prices prior to January 1, 1941.

(k) "Person" includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association or any other organized group of persons or legal successor or representative of any of the foregoing and includes the United States or any agency thereof or any other government or any of its political subdivisions or any agency of any of the foregoing.

SEC. 11. *Definitions incorporated by reference.* Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended and in the General Maximum Price Regulation shall apply to any word or term not specifically defined in this regulation.

ARTICLE IV—ADJUSTMENTS AND ADJUSTABLE PRICING

SEC. 12. *Adjustments of maximum prices—(a) Percentage packaging costs.* If a seller wishes to use a percentage to cover export packaging costs, he may make application to do so and the Price Administrator may by order provide for an addition of a certain percentage of the price to cover packaging costs, if it is found that by the use of such percentage such exporter does not receive in excess of the total amount of actual packaging costs reasonably anticipated. (Provided, however, that any exporter who has properly filed percentage packaging costs which have been approved by the Office of Price Administration prior to the issuance of the 3d Revised Maximum Export Price Regulation need not apply.) Applications shall be filed as provided by section 9 (Appendix C).

(b) *Adjustments to reflect former practices.* If the basic maximum domestic price of a seller on a sale for export does not expressly apply to a sale for export or a sale to an exporter as a separately identified class of purchaser, any seller, who had an established practice prior to January 1, 1941, whereby he charged exporters prices higher than he charged comparable domestic purchasers, which practice the applicable domestic price regulation has forced him to discontinue, may apply to the Office of Price Administration for an order authorizing maximum prices or pricing methods which reflect his former practice. Applications shall be filed as provided in section 9 (Appendix C).

The Price Administrator will establish a maximum price for such sellers reflecting that former practice where and to the extent it is satisfactorily shown that the practice was, in fact, regularly established and is necessary to enable the seller to pay customary commissions pursuant to exclusive agency agreements, to effectuate price maintenance policies, and to preserve foreign good will for his products.

(c) *Adjustments for exporters other than producers without base period pricing experience or with markups below competitors.* If an exporter other than a producer made no export sales of the same commodity or same class of commodity during the base periods set out in section 6, or if his average export markup on sales made during the applicable base period is substantially below that of close competitors acting in the same capacity, and if the seller is unable to obtain a markup for the class of commodity being sold as provided in section 7 (Appendix A) or a maximum price under provisions of section 8 (Appendix B) he may apply for an order authorizing a maximum price or export markup. Applications shall be filed as provided in section 9 (Appendix C). The Price Administrator will establish a maximum price, or export markup on the basis of

allowing such a seller a maximum price or export markup representative of the average which would have been applicable in such exporter's trade between January 1 and December 31, 1940 plus 25% thereof.

(d) *Adjustments for exporters who are producers without base period pricing experience or with markups below competitors.* If an exporter is a producer and made no export sales of the same commodity or same class of commodity during the base periods set out in section 6 or if his export markup during the applicable periods was substantially below that of close competitors acting in the same capacity or if his export sales expenses exceed his domestic sales expenses by more than 3% and if such an exporter cannot determine the maximum price under the provisions of section 8 (Appendix B) he may apply for an order authorizing a maximum price or an export markup. Application shall be filed as provided by section 9 (Appendix C). The Price Administrator will establish a maximum price, or export markup representative of the average applicable in such exporter's trade during the period between January 1 and December 31, 1940 plus 25% thereof.

(e) *Adjustments on shipments to customers of foreign resellers.* If an exporter sells to a foreign reseller to whom he has extended exclusive territorial sales rights, such exporter may invoice a customer of such foreign reseller at a maximum export price including the foreign reseller's markup, provided remittance in the full amount of such markup is made to the foreign reseller.

(f) *Adjustments for unusual foreign expenses.* If an exporter has unusual expenses incident to the sale of a commodity exported which are incurred outside the continental United States, he may make application for an order authorizing him to include such expenses in his maximum export price. Applications shall be filed as provided in section 9. The Price Administrator will authorize the inclusion of such expenses in the maximum export price if it is found that such expenses are necessary and their allowance will be in furtherance of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

(g) *Absorption requirement.* Notwithstanding the provisions of any other regulation requiring absorption of any amount of the manufacturer's sale price by a subsequent seller, no exporter shall be required to absorb any such amount unless the domestic regulation specifies that absorption is required upon an export sale.

(h) *Invoice requirements.* Notwithstanding the provisions of any other price regulation, no exporter shall be required to make any separate detailed showing on his invoice as required by such other price regulation in invoicing a purchaser on an export sale, except purchasers located in a Territory or Possession of the United States.

(i) *Contract savings provision.* Export sales made pursuant to contracts entered into prior to August 20, 1946, whereby the exporter purchased or contracted to purchase the commodity to be exported may be made at maximum prices properly established under the

provisions of the 2d Revised Maximum Export Price Regulation, provided shipment is made from the continental United States within ninety days from August 23, 1946.

(j) *Average percentage markups.* Exporters other than producers may adjust any maximum price computed under the specific computation methods provided in this regulation to allow the average current cost of acquisition in the export trade of the commodity being priced plus the average percentage markup in the export trade as was in effect on March 31, 1946.

SEC. 13. *Adjustable pricing.* Any person making an export sale may agree to sell at prices which may be increased to the maximum export price in effect at the time of delivery. No person making an export sale may deliver or agree to deliver at prices to be adjusted upward after delivery, except in cases where the Price Administrator has authorized the adjustment of maximum prices either specifically on export sales or on domestic sales of the same commodity after delivery in accordance with action taken by the Office of Price Administration. In such cases, maximum export prices may be adjusted upward automatically even after delivery on the basis of the amount of the adjustment of maximum prices on domestic sales of the same commodity authorized by the Price Administrator by any order or regulation during any period when adjustable pricing is permitted under the provisions of this section. The seller, at the date of delivery, may collect an amount up to 10% above the maximum price effective as of that date, upon condition that refund will be made to the purchaser of any amount less than 10% by which the amount collected by him exceeds the maximum price made effective by the Price Administrator during the period of effectiveness of the adjustable pricing order.

ARTICLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 14. *Geographical applicability.* The provisions of this regulation shall apply to the 48 states of the United States of America and to the District of Columbia.

SEC. 15. *Prohibition and evasion.* (a) No person shall buy, offer to buy or receive in the course of trade or business and no person shall sell, offer to sell, transfer, deliver, transport, ship, or participate in the transportation or exportation of any commodity to which this regulation applies at a price higher than the maximum price established by this regulation. Sales and purchases at prices lower than those established may be made.

(b) No exporter shall invoice goods whether to his buyer or any other person at a price in excess of the maximum price which he may charge that person under the terms of this regulation.

(c) No person shall evade any of the provisions of this regulation by changing his customary allowances, discounts or other price differentials, by tying in the sale with that of another commodity by agreement or by any other means.

SEC. 16. *Enforcement.* Any person violating directly or indirectly the pro-

visions of this regulation shall be subject to the civil and criminal penalties, civil enforcement actions, suits for treble damages or other enforcement procedures authorized by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

Any person having evidence of a violation of this regulation or any maximum price schedule, regulation or order issued by the Office of Price Administration is urged to communicate with the nearest regional or field office of the Office of Price Administration or its principal office in Washington, D. C.

SEC. 17. Records. (a) Every person who makes sales of a commodity, the prices of which are controlled by this regulation, shall make and preserve for examination by the Office of Price Administration, for so long as the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, remains in effect, a record of all sales of such commodities, showing the quantity and description of the commodity sold, terms of sale, price and name and address of the purchaser as well as the records of the same kind as he customarily kept relating to the prices which he charged for any of such items sold after the effective date of this regulation.

(b) Every exporter, in connection with an export commodity for which a specific license is required, in the space provided in any form of export license application or any other manner prescribed by the Office of Price Administration shall state:

(1) In the case of an exporter, other than a producer, the price at which the commodity was acquired or other basic price (exclusive of any expenses incident to export), or

(2) In the case of a producer, the maximum domestic price or other basic price to which the additions authorized by sections 3, 7, 8 or otherwise provided under this regulation are made, and

(3) The amount of the export markup to be added, pursuant to the provisions of sections 3, 7 or otherwise provided under this regulation.

(c) In addition, each exporter shall, for a period of not less than two years from the date of export, retain a record of each export transaction which shall contain all the facts pertinent thereto, including:

(1) If the exportation is by a person other than the producer, the price at which the commodity was acquired and name and address of the person from whom the commodity was acquired or other basic material required for maximum price computation under section 3,

(2) The names and addresses of the foreign buyers to whom the export sale was made, and

(3) The aggregate price charged, the amount of the export markup added pursuant to Sections 3, 7 or otherwise provided under this regulation and the amount of each additional item of expenses added pursuant to Section 4, together with a copy of the invoice, bill of lading, or other statement rendered to the foreign buyer in connection with the export sale.

(d) Such records shall be available for inspection by duly authorized representatives of the Office of Price Administration and the Price Administrator may require their submission for periodic in-

spection if he deems such inspection necessary or desirable.

SEC. 18. Report requirements. The failure of any person to file any report required by this regulation or by any order issued hereunder or the filing of a false report or application shall constitute a violation of this regulation and of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

SEC. 19. Licensing. The provisions of Licensing Order No. 1, licensing all persons who make sales under price control, are applicable to all sellers subject to this regulation. A seller's license may be suspended for violation of the license or of one or more applicable price regulations. A person whose license is suspended may not, during the period of suspension, make any sales for which his license has been suspended.

SEC. 20. Transfers of business. If the business assets or stock in trade of any business are sold or otherwise transferred and the transferee carries on the business or continues to deal in the export of the same type of commodities, the basic maximum domestic prices of the transferee for the purposes of computation under this regulation shall be the same as those to which the transferor would have been subject had no such transfer taken place and his obligation to keep records of such prices shall be the same. The transferor shall either preserve or make available or turn over to the transferee all records of transactions prior to the transfer which are necessary to enable the transferee to make computations under this regulation.

SEC. 21. Statements or labels as required for domestic sales necessary for export sales to Territories and Possessions of the United States. On any sale of a commodity to be shipped to any Territory or Possession of the United States, the seller shall furnish therewith, or attach or leave attached to the commodity any statement, certificate, mark, tag or label as required by any regulation or order of the Office of Price Administration in case the commodity is sold domestically.

SEC. 22. Inconsistent regulations superseded. This regulation supersedes any other price regulation inconsistent with it. No provision of any maximum price schedule, regulation or order heretofore issued by the Office of Price Administration shall be deemed to authorize any action inconsistent with the provisions of this regulation and to the extent that the provisions of any existing schedule, regulation or order are inconsistent or in conflict with the provisions of this regulation, such provisions are hereby revoked and superseded, *Provided, however*, That on sales in the Territories and Possessions of the United States, this regulation shall not operate to permit maximum prices in excess of the maximum prices established by any maximum price regulation applicable to any sale in those Territories or Possessions to any purchaser within those Territories or Possessions.

SEC. 23. Petitions for amendment. Any person seeking an amendment of any provision of this regulation may file a petition for amendment in accordance with the provisions of Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1.

APPENDIX A—SPECIFIC COMMODITY EXPORT MARKUP COMPUTATION METHOD

SEC. 24. Specific commodity export markups. The markups allowed on export sales which an exporter other than the producer (merchant-exporter) may add in determining maximum prices for the commodities listed below in this Appendix A, as provided by section 7, which may be used alternatively instead of markups computed under section 6 except on sales to Canada, are as listed below. (Such markups shall be added only to the basic maximum price applicable to a current domestic sale by the producer or United States Government Surplus Disposal Agency to the exporter unless, otherwise specified below.)

Where the terms of payment call for draft payable abroad at sight, the invoice price may be increased by 1½ percent and an additional ½ of 1 percent may be added for each 30 days from sight with a maximum of 90 days.

Such markups are as follows:

Commodity	Export markup (need not be less than \$20)	Special provisions
	Percent	
All commodities, except grains, oils, and sugar, unless otherwise specified in this appendix, purchased from a wholesaler, jobber, or purchaser from a United States Government Surplus Disposal Agency.	5	Markup can only be added to the maximum sale price to the exporter by the seller thereof.
Advanced steel manufactures, such as bolts and nuts, forgings, screws, railroad switches, welding rods.	15	
Automotive vehicles.....	10	On used vehicles, markup may be applied to maximum price applicable on sale to exporter.
Beverages, all.....	10	
Chemicals, fine and pharmaceutical.....	20	
Chemicals, industrial, including paraffin wax and fatty acids.....	18	
Cord, twine, rope.....	10	
Foods, canned, including fruit, milk, vegetable.....	15	
Foods, dried.....	12	
Foods, frozen.....	18	
Foods, dehydrated.....	18	
Leather.....	15	
Machinery, such as electric motors, gas engines, construction equipment, rolling stock.....	15	On used machinery, markup may be applied to maximum price applicable on a sale to the exporter.
Machinery parts.....	20	On used machinery parts, markup may be applied to maximum price applicable on a sale to the exporter.
Manufactured end products, not elsewhere specified.....	20	
Newsprint.....	10	On carload lots of 40,000 lbs. or more.
	20	On less-than-carload lots, under 40,000 lbs.

No. of net tons	Markup per net ton of 2,000 lbs.	Total markup need not be less than
1 to 50		
51 to 100	\$3.00	\$150.00
101 to 250	2.00	200.00
251 to 500	1.00	500.00
Over 500	.80	500.00

4. Add actual export expenses incurred as determined under Section 4 not included above.

NOTE. The maximum prices for bituminous coal delivered or handled from shore facilities in the continental United States for use as bunker fuel on the vessel to which the delivery is made shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Maximum Price Regulation 189, regardless of the nationality of the vessel.

TABLE 2—COOPERAGE—NEW TIGHT

The maximum price for export sales to all areas except Canada of new tight cooperage and new tight cooperage stock, the domestic prices for which are established under Maximum Price Regulation 424, shall be determined for any seller by taking the applicable basic price specified below and adding the markup and expenses set out below:

Type of seller	Basic price	Markup
Any person	Maximum price, f. o. b. mill, applicable under MPR 424 for a domestic sale as provided in dollars and cents or by formula under Sections 5, 6, 18 and 19, or as provided by order signed by the Administrator under Section 8 or 12 (c).	1. 15% of f. o. b. mill price if sale is of following type or grade: (1) Prime white oak, export grades and specifications (except circle or flat sawn). (2) Bucked flat dressed or hand dressed. (3) All staves for pipes or butts or for containers of similar construction. 2. 10% of f. o. b. mill price for all other grades or types.

Additions. 1. Add actual export expenses incurred as determined under section 4.
2. Add amount actually paid as commission to a foreign agent not to exceed 5% of the c. i. f. price and amount actually allowed as discount not to exceed 2% of the c. i. f. price.

TABLE 3—FLOUR

The maximum price for export sales including sales to purchasing missions of foreign governments of flour to all areas except Canada, the domestic prices for which are established under Revised Maximum Price Regulation 296 for all sellers shall be determined by taking the basic price specified below and adding the applicable markups and additions and making the deductions shown below:

Type of seller	Basic price	Markup
All sellers	Maximum basic price applicable for export sales or sales to exporters established under Section XII of Appendix A of RMPR 296.	3½¢ per 100 lbs. provided, however, that if no foreign agent's commission is paid, the maximum markup must not exceed 2½¢ per 100 lbs.

Additions. 1. Add any extra charges for enriching or packaging as may be permitted under RMPR 296.
2. Add any amount actually incurred by the exporter to cover ocean freight and war risk or marine insurance.
Deductions. Subtract the amount of any export subsidy paid by the United States Government.

Commodity	Export markup (need not be less than \$20)	Special provisions
Nonferrous mill products, such as rods, bars, wire, sheets, tubes.	10	
Nonferrous metals.	8	
Office machines, such as typewriters and calculators.	15	On used machines, markup may be applied to maximum price applicable on a sale to the exporter.
Oils, edible.	3	On sales of over 50 long tons.
	8	On sales of 50 long tons or less. No markup applicable on sales of edible oils where exporter purchases from other than producer.
Paper, except newsprint.	20	
Petroleum products, including petroleum coke.	12½	
Plastics.	20	
Pulpwood.	7	On sales to Cuba.
Rubber tires and tubes.	15	On sales to all other destinations.
Shortening.	8	On used tires and tubes, markup may be applied to maximum price applicable on a sale to the exporter.
Textile piece goods containing 75 percent by weight of cotton or artificial fiber or mixtures thereof.	25	
Wearing apparel.	18	
Woodpulp.	12	On sales to Cuba.
Yarns, all.	15	On sales to all other destinations.

NOTE: No part of the above markups may be paid by the exporter to the supplier of the commodity to be exported.

APPENDIX B—SPECIFIC COMMODITY MAXIMUM PRICES

SEC. 25. *Specific commodity maximum price formulas.* The maximum prices on export sales for the commodities listed in the tables below, as provided by section 8, supersede those maximum prices computed under section 3. Such maximum prices shall be computed as follows:

TABLE 1—COAL—BITUMINOUS

The maximum price for export sales of bituminous coal to all areas except Canada shall be determined for the types of sellers named below by taking the basic price specified below and adding the applicable markups and expenses shown below:

Type of seller	Basic price	Markups per net ton of 2,000 pounds
Producer or sales agent of producer.	Exporter's maximum domestic price for the particular type or grade of coal as established under MPR 120.	40 cents.
Export merchant buying and reselling for his own account.	Maximum domestic price applicable to a current sale of the coal to the exporter as established by MPR 120 or RMPR 122.	55 cents.

Additions. 1. If the contract of sale stipulates that railroad demurrage charges shall be for the account of the exporter and not charged to the buyer outside of the continental United States, add 15 cents per net ton to the above markups.
2. On sales of less than 2,000 net tons, add 10 cents per net ton to the above markups.
3. If coal is bagged for shipment, add in lieu of all other markups under this table the following:

TABLE 4—GRAINS

The maximum prices for export sales, including sales to purchasing missions of foreign governments, to all areas except Canada on the grains specified below for all sellers shall be determined by taking the applicable basic price as specified below and adding to it the applicable accumulation expenses, merchandising markup and foreign agent's commission specified and making the further allowable additions and deductions as shown below:

Basic price applicable on sales for export at the port of exit	Accumulation expenses	Merchandising mark-ups if delivered to ocean carrier's hold	Foreign agent's commission
Wheat			
Maximum price as established in Section 4.7 of 2nd RMPR 487.	3¢ per bushel	2¢ per bushel	Any amount actually paid up to a maximum of 13¢ per bushel.
Oats			
Maximum price as established in Section 15 of FPR 2—Revised Supplement 2.	3¢ per bushel	1½¢ per bushel	Any amount actually paid up to a maximum of 14¢ per bushel.
Barley			
Maximum price as established in Section 15 of FPR 2—Revised Supplement 3.	3¢ per bushel	1½¢ per bushel	Any amount actually paid up to a maximum of 14¢ per bushel.
Rye			
Maximum price as established in Section 4.7 of MPR 604.	3¢ per bushel	1½¢ per bushel	Any amount actually paid up to a maximum of 14¢ per bushel.
Corn			
Maximum price as established in Section 15 of FPR 2—Supplement 4.	3¢ per bushel	2½¢ per bushel	Any amount actually paid up to a maximum of 14¢ per bushel.
Grain Sorghums			
Maximum price as established in Section 16 of FPR 2—Supplement 6.	13¢ per 100 lbs.	6¢ per 100 lbs.	Any amount actually paid up to a maximum of 4¢ per 100 lbs.

Further additions. 1. Add cost actually incurred in transferring grain from port storage to the hold of the ocean carrier. In the case of barley, add any costs actually incurred for resacking, cleaning, sizing, and handling.

2. Add the difference in the cost, if higher, between the cost of double sacks and sacking permitted in the following sections of the applicable regulations:

Grain	Regulation	Section
Wheat	2nd RMPR 487	5.2 (d).
Oats	FPR 2—Revised Supplement 2	13 (d).
Barley	FPR 2—Revised Supplement 3	13 (d).
Rye	MPR 604	5.2 (d).
Corn	FPR 2—Supplement 4	13 (d).
Grain Sorghums	FPR 2—Supplement 6	13 (d).

3. Add cost of out-turn insurance actually incurred.

Deductions. Subtract the amount of any export subsidy paid by the United States Government in connection with the grain being priced.

NOTE. Accumulation expenses specified above cover costs incurred in accumulating the grain at ship-side which shall include inspection and weighing, mixing, supervision, rail shortage, forwarding commission, insurance, and interest.

TABLE 5—IRON AND STEEL

The maximum price for export sales to all areas except Canada of iron and steel products, the domestic prices for which are established under RPS 6 or RPS 49 shall be determined for the types of sellers named below by taking the applicable basic price specified below and adding the applicable markup shown below:

Type of seller	Basic price	Markup
Producer..... Nonproducer who has put product through "the operations commonly known as warehousing of iron or steel products" as defined in RPS 49.	Maximum price applicable under RPS 49 on a sale by the exporter to a domestic purchaser within the exporter's city or free delivery area (which price shall include delivery f. o. b. inland carrier within such city or free delivery area, or, if shipment is by boat from port located within such city or free delivery area, shall include delivery f. a. s. vessel).	Included in basic price. Included in basic price.
Nonproducer who has not put product through "the operations commonly known as warehousing of iron or steel products" as defined in RPS 49.	The maximum price applicable under RPS 6 or RPS 49 on a current sale by the supplier, provided, however, that the seller of the stock, the maximum delivered price at the port of exit to a sale by a domestic reseller who has not put the "excess" stock through the "operations commonly known as warehousing of iron or steel products" as set forth in RPS 49.	10% of basic price. The invoice price may be increased by 1½% for sight draft and an additional ¼ of 1% for each 30 days of credit with a maximum of 90 days; such markup need not be less than \$20.

NOTE: To the above computation add actual export expenses as determined under section 4 if not included in the computation.

TABLE 6—LARD

The maximum price for export sales to all areas except Canada of lard shall be determined for any seller by taking the applicable basic price shown below and adding the applicable markup and expenses shown below:

Type of seller	Basic price	Markup
Any person.....	Maximum domestic price for the particular type of lard, appropriately packed, at the Chicago basing point, determined under MPR 83.	8% of the basic price.

Add actual export expenses incurred as determined under section 4.

TABLE 7—LUMBER—HARDWOOD

The maximum price for export sales of hardwood lumber, the domestic prices for which are established under RMPR 97 and MPR 146, shall be determined for any seller by taking the applicable basic price specified below and adding the markups and expenses shown below:

Type of seller	Basic price	Markup
Any person.....	Maximum price, f. o. b. mill, applicable under RMPR 97 and MPR 146.	To Cuba—20% of basic price; all other destinations (except Canada) 25% of basic price.

Add actual export expenses incurred as determined under section 4.

TABLE 8—LUMBER—SOUTHERN PINE

The maximum price for export sales of Southern pine lumber shall be determined for the types of sellers shown below by taking the applicable basic price specified below and adding the markup and expenses shown below:

Type of seller	Basic price	Markup
Producer.....	Maximum price f. o. b. producing mill under 24 RMPR 19 and RMPR 19A.	None.
Exporter other than producer.	Maximum price f. o. b. producing mill under 24 RMPR 19 and RMPR 19A.	To Cuba—20% of basic price; all other destinations (except Canada) 25% of basic price.

Add actual export expenses incurred as determined under section 4.

TABLE 12—TEXTILES

The maximum price for export sales of textile piece goods containing 75% or more by weight of cotton or artificial fibre, and articles transformed from piece goods into finished articles simply by cutting or hemming or overedging (but not including wearing apparel) for the types of sellers as shown below shall be determined by taking the applicable basic price specified below and adding the applicable markup and expenses as shown below:

Type of seller	Basic price	Markup
Manufacturer or converter as defined under the applicable domestic regulation.	Maximum price applicable on a sale to a domestic purchaser similar to his foreign purchaser.	3% of basic price on sales to Canada; 7% of basic price for all other destinations.

Add actual export expenses incurred as determined under section 4.

TABLE 13—WATCHES—SWISS

The maximum price for export sales of imported Swiss watches to the Territories and Possessions of the United States, the domestic prices for which are established under RMPR 499, for all sellers shall be determined by taking the basic price specified below and adding the applicable expenses, and making the deductions shown below:

Basic price	Expenses	Deductions
Maximum price applicable on a sale by the exporter to a similar domestic purchaser as established by RMPR 499.	Add actual export expenses as determined under Section 4.	Subtract deductions required under Section 5.

APPENDIX C—APPLICATION FORM

Sec. 26. Application form for filing to obtain maximum prices.

OPA Form 6015-2868
(6-46)

B. E. #08-R1719
(Approval expires
June 30, 1947)

This form may be reproduced without change

Address—Number and Street

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION

APPLICATION OF SELLERS OF COMMODITIES IN

EXPORT UNDER SEC. 9 OF THE 3D REVISED

MAXIMUM EXPORT PRICE REGULATION

City and Postal Zone Number

Date of Application

Instructions

This form is for use in making application for maximum prices, export markups, formulas for determining maximum prices or allowances of export packaging costs. It should be sent by registered mail to the Office of Export-Import, Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C. Separate applications should be submitted for each commodity or class of commodity. Where additional space is required, separate attachments may be made. Copies of this form may be obtained from any Office of Price Administration Office or it may be copied.

A. If the application is for a percent to cover export packaging cost the applicant should answer Parts 1 and 2.

B. If the application is for a maximum price or export markup on a sale for export the applicant should answer Parts 1 and 3.

C. If the application is for maximum prices or export markups on export sales for either a producer-exporter or exporter other than a producer, the applicant should answer Parts 1 and 4.

TABLE 9—RAILS—RELAYING AND USED TRACK ACCESSORIES

The maximum price for export sales to all areas except Canada of relaying rails and used track accessories, the domestic prices for which are established under MPR 46, shall be determined for the types of sellers named below by taking the applicable basic price specified below and adding the applicable markups and expenses shown below:

Type of seller	Basic price	Markup
Any person who has put material through a relaying rail warehouse authorized under Section 5 (b) of MPR 46.	Maximum price f. o. b. warehouse applicable under MPR 46.	10% of basic price. The invoice price may be increased by 1½% for sight draft and an additional ½% of 1% for each 30 days of credit with a maximum of 90 days; such markup need not be less than \$20.
All other sellers.	Maximum price applicable under MPR 46 on a sale to the exporter.	10% of basic price. The invoice price may be increased by 1½% for sight draft and an additional ½% of 1% for each 30 days of credit with a maximum of 90 days; such markup need not be less than \$20.

To the above computation add actual export expenses as determined under section 4 not included in the computation.

TABLE 10—SUGARS—DIRECT CONSUMPTION

The maximum price for export sales of direct consumption sugars to all areas except Canada for the types of sellers as shown below shall be determined by taking the applicable basic price specified below and adding the applicable markup and additions and making the deductions shown below:

Type of seller	Basic price	Markup
Exporter who manufactures direct consumption sugars. Export merchant buying and selling for his own account.	Maximum domestic sale price as established under Section 2 of MPR 60. Maximum domestic price applicable on the sale to such exporter as established under Section 2 of MPR 60.	None. 2½ percent of the basic price.

Additions. 1. Add actual export expenses incurred as determined under section 4 (a) not included in the above.

2. Add allowable subsidy as determined under section 4 (b).

Deductions. Make the deductions required under section 5.

TABLE 11—RICE—FINISHED

The maximum price for export sales to all areas except Canada of finished rice delivered in quantities of 40,000 pounds or more, or in quantities less than 40,000 pounds where delivered against orders or commitments for 40,000 pounds or more for any seller shall be determined by taking the basic price specified below and adding the applicable markup and expenses as shown below:

Type of seller	Basic price	Markup
Any person.	Maximum domestic price as determined under Section 9 of 2nd RMPR 150.	4% of the basic price (covers freight forwarder's fees); provided, however, that if no foreign agent's commission is paid, the maximum markup must not exceed 3% of the basic price.

Add actual export expenses incurred (except freight forwarder's fees) as determined under section 4.

Part 1. (Must be answered by all applicants)

1. Commodity or class of commodity upon which percent packaging costs, export markup or maximum price is requested.....
2. Area(s) to which commodity is to be shipped.....
3. Check one. (See Section 6 (b).) Applicant is (1) exporter other than the producer ---; (2) producer-exporter ---
4. Was commodity sold by applicant prior to January 1, 1941?.....
5. Suggested percent packaging costs, markup (See Sec. 6 (a)), or maximum price based upon information requested below.....
(List credit terms, delivery terms, and differentials for area, size, or value of order, etc.)
6. Any relevant factors not requested in Part 2 through 4 below.....

Part 2. (To be answered only when applying for percent to cover export packaging costs—A above)

1. Basis for suggested percent. Show
 - (a) actual packaging costs incurred per commodity in excess of domestic packaging costs;
 - (b) percent such costs are of basic maximum price;
 - (c) percent of dollar sales each commodity represents of total export sales:
 - (1) during applicable base period
 - (2) anticipated during next 12 months
2. What was your customary base period practice?

Part 3. (To be answered only when applying for export markups or prices applicable on sales for export—B above)

1. Basis for suggested markups or prices. Show
 - (a) customary differential charged exporters prior to Jan. 1, 1941, as compared to similar domestic purchasers;
 - (b) commissions being paid to agents pursuant to exclusive agency agreements in areas covered by application;
2. If markup on sales for export is necessary to protect foreign price structure and pay foreign agent's commissions, applicant should submit statement as provided in Section 12 (b).

Part 4. (To be answered only when applying for export markups or prices applicable on export sales—C above)

1. Basis for suggested markups or prices. Show
 - (a) base period markups on direct shipments to areas covered.....
 - (b) base period and present commissions paid to foreign agents in areas covered.....
 - (c) list present export sales expenses and domestic sales expenses for commodities covered and percent each represents of sales price.....
 - (d) When maximum price is applied for, show percent of such price which covers export expenses allowed in section 4.....
 2. Basic maximum price applicable to similar domestic sale.....
 3. Name, address and markup or price of close competitor.....
- I hereby certify that the statements and figures contained in this application are to the best of my knowledge and belief correct.

Sign here

(Name of Company)

(Name of Seller or Authorized Agent)

(Official Position)

A False Certification is a Criminal Offense

Effective date. This revised regulation shall become effective August 23, 1946.

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 20th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

Approved: August 8, 1946.

CLINTON P. ANDERSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14561; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:09 a. m.]

PART 1306—IRON AND STEEL
[MPR 4, Amdt. 7]

IRON AND STEEL SCRAP

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amend-

ment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Maximum Price Regulation No. 4 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 1 is amended to include between the second and third paragraphs the following:

No person shall sell, deliver, buy or receive prepared iron or prepared steel scrap at prices higher than the applicable maximum prices established by this regulation.

2. Section 18 (a) is amended to read as follows:

(a) When grades of scrap commanding different maximum prices under the provisions of this regulation are shipped in the same vehicle, the maximum price for each grade as established in sections 4, 8, 10 or 11, whichever is applicable,

may only be charged where the shipping notice as required by section 29 (c) of this regulation designates the quantity of each grade contained in the vehicle, and where the grades are physically segregated and weighed separately.

This amendment shall become effective August 26, 1946.

Issued this 20th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14562; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:09 a. m.]

PART 1380—HOUSE AND SERVICE INDUSTRY
MACHINES

[MPR 598, Amdt. 22]

POSTWAR HOUSEHOLD MECHANICAL
REFRIGERATORS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Maximum Price Regulation No. 598 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 3 (1) is revised to read as follows:

(1) "OPA industry price increase" means the increase in a manufacturer's ceiling price for sales of a particular model of refrigerator to a particular class of purchaser permitted by section 5 (b) and 5 (c) of this regulation.

2. A new section 5 (c) is added to read as follows:

(c) Additional industry reconversion adjustment of ceiling prices. Unless directed otherwise by an order issued by the Office of Price Administration under this regulation every manufacturer who, before August 1946 has established ceiling prices for his sales of the refrigerators he manufactures under any section of this regulation or an order thereunder, or who, after August 20, 1946 establishes his ceiling prices under sections 7, 9, or 10 of this regulation and adjusts them under section 5 (b), may increase his ceiling prices so established and adjusted by 3.5% of each price, exclusive of the Federal excise tax and any charges for delivery, installation and warranty.

3. Section 14 (a) is amended to read as follows:

(a) A distributor who has determined his ceiling prices before April 18, 1946 for sales of a particular model of refrigerator to a particular class of purchasing dealer either under an order issued under section 13 of this regulation or under the provisions of section 14 may increase those ceiling prices by the same percentage, applied to his ceiling prices exclusive of the Federal excise tax and charge for warranty, as the manufacturer's price to him is increased.

Section 14 (b) is amended by changing the date April 17, 1946 to read August 20, 1946.

4. Section 15 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 15. *Dealers' ceiling prices*—(a) *Prices set forth in section 24, Appendix A*—(1) Unless an order issued under paragraph (c) of this section specifies otherwise, a dealer's ceiling price in Zone 1 for a particular model of refrigerator sold by the manufacturer after August 20, 1946 is the sum, rounded to the nearest twenty-five cents, of the following:

(i) The manufacturer's ceiling price, to distributors, f. o. b. factory, exclusive of the Federal excise tax and charge for warranty multiplied by the percentage gross margin between the manufacturer's March 31, 1946 ceiling price to distributors f. o. b. factory and the March 31, 1946 Zone 1 retail ceiling price, both amounts exclusive of Federal excise tax and warranty.

(ii) The amount of the Federal excise tax and the manufacturer's charge for warranty.

(2) For sales in zones other than Zone 1 the dealer may add the dollars-and-cents differential in effect on March 31, 1946 for sales in the particular zone.

(3) If the manufacturer had established on March 31, 1946 a ceiling price to distributors on the basis of a national delivered price, the retail ceiling price may be determined in accordance with paragraph (1) above by using the manufacturer's ceiling price on March 31, 1946 to distributors with freight prepaid in lieu of the ceiling price to distributors f. o. b. factory. If the retail ceiling price for a particular model of refrigerator was changed after March 31, 1946 and before April 18, 1946 only because the manufacturer obtained approval of a national delivered ceiling price in lieu of a f. o. b. factory price, the dealer's retail ceiling price may be determined in accordance with paragraph (1) above by substituting the manufacturer's delivered price to distributors as revised before April 18, 1946 in place of the manufacturer's ceiling price to distributors f. o. b. factory.

(b) *New or changed models priced after March 31, 1946.* The retail ceiling price for a new or changed model for which the ceiling price for sales by the manufacturer was established after March 31, 1946 is the manufacturer's ceiling price established on or after August 21, 1946 to distributors, exclusive of Federal excise tax and charge for warranty marked up by the percentage gross margin between the manufacturer's March 31, 1946 ceiling price to distributors and the March 31, 1946 retail ceiling price, both prices exclusive of Federal excise tax and warranty, for the sale of the comparable model of refrigerator which was used by the manufacturer in establishing a price for the new or changed model. The manufacturer's March 31, 1946 ceiling price to distributors is the f. o. b. factory price, except that a delivered ceiling price to distributors may be used for computing the percentage gross margin if the manufacturer obtained, before April 18, 1946, approval of such a delivered price.

A dealer's retail ceiling price for sales of a particular model of refrigerator sold by the manufacturer prior to August 21, 1946 is the price established prior to that date.

(c) Ceiling prices for dealers' sales of models for which ceiling prices have not already been established will be authorized by an order under this section. Ceiling prices so established will be fixed in line with the level of retail ceiling prices established under this regulation. No refrigerator may be sold at retail unless a retail ceiling price has been established for its sale under this section.

(d) *Credit charges.* (1) Dealers who during the period October 1-15, 1941, collected a separately stated additional charge for the extension of credit on sales of refrigerators, may collect a charge for the extension of credit under this regulation, not exceeding such charge during the period October 1-15, 1941, on a similar sale on similar terms to the same class of purchaser. Dealers who did not so state and collect an additional charge, may collect a charge for the extension of credit only on installment plan sales; and the charge shall not exceed the separately stated additional charge for the extension of credit on a similar sale on similar terms to the same class of purchaser during the period October 1-15, 1941, by the dealer's closest competitor who made a separately stated charge.

An installment-plan sale as used in the above paragraph means a sale where the unpaid balance is to be paid in installments over a period of either (i) six weeks or more from the date of sale in the case of weekly installments, or (ii) eight weeks or more in the case of other than weekly installments.

(2) All charges for the extension of credit shall be quoted and stated separately. Any charge which is not quoted and stated separately or which otherwise does not conform to this subparagraph, shall, for the purposes of this regulation, be considered to be part of the price charged for the refrigerator sold.

(3) No dealer may require as a condition of sale that the consumer must buy on credit.

This amendment shall become effective on the 21st day of August 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14494; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
4:08 p. m.]

PART 1390—MACHINERY AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

[RMPR 136, Amdt. 51]

MACHINES, PARTS AND INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Revised Maximum Price Regulation 136 is amended in the following respects:

1. Appendix A is amended by deleting therefrom the following categories:

Machine Tools, including those powered by hand or foot, except those subject to Maximum Price Regulation 1 (Second-Hand Ma-

chine Tools) or Maximum Price Regulation 67 (New Machine Tools)—October 1, 1941. Sharpening and filing equipment—March 31, 1942.

2. Section 28 (a) (2) is amended by deleting subparagraph (iii).

This amendment shall become effective August 20, 1946.

Issued this 20th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14565; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:09 a. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES

[2d Rev. SR 14, Amdt. 39]

HARDWOOD STOCK STAIR PARTS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Second Revised Supplementary Regulation No. 14 is amended in the following respects:

1. Paragraph (d) of section 3.14, *Hardwood stock stair parts*, is amended to read as follows:

(d) *Maximum prices for resellers.* The maximum prices for a reseller shall be for each item he delivered during March 1942 the sum of the following:

(1) The highest price he charged for the item during March 1942 to the same class of purchaser.

(2) An amount not greater than the percentage by which his current net acquisition cost of the item exceeds his March 31, 1946 net acquisition cost of the item. If the item was not purchased on March 31, 1946, then the cost of the item on the prior date nearest March 31, 1946 shall be used to determine this percentage.

2. Item (3) in the last paragraph of section 3.14 (f) is amended to read as follows:

(3) Acquisition cost of the item on March 31, 1946 or the prior date nearest to March 31, 1946 if the item was not purchased on March 31, 1946.

This amendment shall become effective August 20, 1946.

Issued this 20th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14564; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:08 a. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES

[2d Rev. SR 14, Amdt. 38]

HICKORY STRIKING TOOL HANDLE BLANKS AND STRIKING TOOL HANDLES

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Second Revised Supplementary Regulation 14 to the General Maximum

Price Regulation is amended in the following respects:

1. In subparagraph (1) and subparagraph (5) (ii) of paragraph (b) of section 3.10, wherever the phrase "Simplified Practice Recommendation R77-39"

appears, it is amended to read "Simplified Practice Recommendation R77-39 or Simplified Practice Recommendation R77-45".

2. In paragraph (b) of section 3.10, a new table is added immediately following Table C to read as set forth below:

TABLE C-1—HICKORY STRIKING TOOL HANDLES
Grading rules: Simplified practice recommendation R77-45—Regular Patterns

Types and class of hickory handles for	Length (inches)	Approx. wt. lbs.	Price per dozen					
			AAW	AW	AR	BW	BR	O
Axe:								
Single bit, double bit, straight.....	28-36	14-20	\$9.00	\$7.50	\$6.50	\$6.00	\$4.60	\$3.70
Boys' and miners'.....	24-30	12-14	7.10	5.90	5.10	4.80	3.60	2.70
Miners'.....	18-22	10-12	6.00	5.10	4.30	4.20	3.10	2.50
Broad.....	34-36	22	9.20	7.70	6.70	6.20	4.80	3.90
Adze:	34-36	20	9.20	7.70	6.70	6.20	4.80	3.90
Pick:								
Railroad and mattock.....	36	30	10.50	9.10	7.50	7.20	5.70	4.50
Coal miners, drifting, regular size.....	34-36	20-22	9.00	7.50	6.50	6.00	4.60	3.70
Coal miners, drifting, oversize body.....	34-36	24	9.30	7.70	6.70	6.20	4.80	4.00
Grub hoe.....	36	30	10.70	9.30	7.70	7.40	6.00	4.70
Sledge, spike maul, tool.....	34-36	19	8.30	6.80	5.50	5.00	3.40	2.70
	30-32	16	7.80	6.20	4.80	4.50	3.00	2.40
	26-28	14	6.60	5.30	4.10	3.90	2.60	2.10
Maul: Post and axe eye.....	36	20-22	8.60	7.10	5.80	5.70	4.10	3.40
Hammer: Carpenter, adze eye, machinist, blacksmith, riveting, stonemasons, ball pein, etc.	10-14	5-6	2.80	2.10	1.90	1.70	1.20	1.00
	15-16	7	3.00	2.20	2.00	1.80	1.30	1.10
	17-18	8	3.50	2.70	2.30	2.10	1.60	1.30
	19-20	9	4.00	3.10	2.70	2.40	1.80	1.50
	22	10	4.60	3.60	3.00	2.70	1.90	1.60
	24	11	5.50	4.20	3.30	2.90	2.00	1.70
Hatchet: Shingling, broad bench, lathing, box, etc.	12-14	5-6	2.80	2.10	1.90	1.70	1.20	1.00
	15-16	8	3.10	2.40	2.10	1.90	1.40	1.20
	17-18	9	3.60	2.90	2.60	2.30	1.70	1.60
	19-20	10-11	4.70	3.60	3.30	3.10	2.60	2.30
Hatchet: Camp, scout, derrick, hunters, short axe, house axe, etc.	12-14	5-6	3.20	2.50	2.10	1.90	1.50	1.40
	15-16	8	3.50	2.80	2.30	2.10	1.70	1.50
	17-18	9-10	4.20	3.20	2.90	2.70	2.10	1.80
	19	11	4.80	3.80	3.30	3.10	2.50	2.20
	20	12	5.30	4.10	3.60	3.40	2.70	2.40

For additions for extras see subparagraph (3) below.

If less than 1 dozen are sold, the maximum price for such a quantity shall be the proportionate amount of the maximum price per dozen of such items.

Handles which are mahogany stained shall not be priced under this table. Such handles must be specially priced under paragraph (c) of this section.

3. In paragraph (b) of section 3.10, wherever a reference is made to "Table C", the reference is amended to read "Table C or Table C-1".

4. In paragraph (b), the title and the undesignated paragraph immediately following the title and preceding subparagraph (1), are amended to read as set forth below:

(b) *Hickory striking-tool handles (referred to below as hickory handles): maximum prices.* The maximum prices provided for under this paragraph (b) are subject to the discount and concessions required by paragraph (c). On and after August 20, 1946,

1. The net maximum prices obtained by applying the authorized percentages to the list prices shown in Tables C, C-1, and D are increased by 7%, and

2. The net maximum prices established in Table E, of subparagraph (3) are increased by 7%.

Provided, That the 7% addition shall in every case be shown separately on the invoice in the form of an addition to the total of the invoice (exclusive of the transportation charges permitted by paragraph (f)) under the caption "Plus 7% per Amdt. 38 to 2d Rev. SR 14".

5. In paragraph (c) of section 3.10, a new undesignated paragraph is added to read as follows:

On all maximum prices authorized under this paragraph (c) prior to August 20, 1946, the seller is authorized to

increase the prices so authorized by 7%; *Provided*, That the 7% addition shall in every case be shown separately on the invoice in the form of an addition to the total of the invoice (exclusive of any permitted transportation charges) under the caption "Plus 7% per Amdt. 38 to 2d Rev. SR 14".

This amendment shall become effective August 20, 1946.

Issued this 20th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14563; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946; 11:08 a. m.]

Chapter XIX—Reconstruction Finance Corporation

[Reg. 7, Amdt. 3]

PART 7007—STRIPPER WELL COMPENSATORY ADJUSTMENTS

Section 7007.1 *Definitions* is hereby further amended by changing paragraph (h) to read as follows and by striking out all of paragraph (i):

(h) "Basic maximum price" means the maximum amount per Barrel which could have been charged or paid for Crude as of June 30, 1946, pursuant to section 10 or 11, and section 12 (b) of OPA Revised Maximum Price Regulation 436.

Section 7007.5 *Amount of claims* is hereby further amended by changing paragraph (a) to read as follows:

(a) A claim with respect to the purchase of crude produced from any designated area shall be in an amount equal to the number of barrels of such crude purchased and paid for multiplied by the excess, if any, by which the amount per barrel paid for such crude exceeds either (1) the basic maximum price thereof or (2) the posted price thereof at the time of purchase, whichever price is the higher: *Provided, however*, That such claim shall in no event be greater than an amount equal to the number of barrels of such crude purchased and paid for, multiplied by the amount per barrel appearing in the attached Schedule A opposite the designated area in which such crude was produced. Crude for which an applicant is prohibited from paying the purchase price in whole or in part because of inability on the part of applicant to determine the legal owner or owners, or by reason of other legal prohibitions, shall be deemed to have been paid for when there has been recorded in applicant's books a suspense or other account reflecting a liability on the part of applicant for such purchase price which applicant will ultimately pay to the party or parties legally entitled thereto.

This Amendment No. 3 shall be effective as of July 1, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of August 1946.

RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE CORPORATION,
GEORGE STONER,
Associate Director,
Office of Defense Supplies.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14538; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946; 9:44 a. m.]

[Reg. 7, Schedule A and Amdt. 1]

PART 7007—STRIPPER WELL COMPENSATORY ADJUSTMENTS

NOTE: Schedule A and Amendment 1 to Schedule A to Regulation 7 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register on August 20, 1946, as Federal Register Documents 46-14539 at 9:44 a. m. and 46-14540 at 9:46 a. m., respectively.

Chapter XXIII—War Assets Administration

[Reg. 11, Order 2]

PART 8311—PROCEEDS AND EXPENSES

FINANCIAL REPORTS BY DISPOSAL AGENCIES

Surplus Property Administration Regulation 11, Order 2, January 15, 1946, as amended through March 13, 1946, entitled "Financial Reports by Disposal Agencies" (11 F.R. 638, 2835), is hereby further revised and amended as herein set forth as War Assets Administration Regulation 11, Order 2.

¹ See note to Part 7007, *infra*.

² 11 F.R. 636, 1990, 5355.

Pursuant to the authority of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 (58 Stat. 765; 50 U.S.C. App. Sup. 1611), Public Law 181, 79th Congress, 1st Session, (59 Stat. 533), Executive Order 9689 (11 F.R. 1265), and Public Law 375, 79th Congress, 2d Session, *It is hereby ordered, That:*

1. Each disposal agency designated by the Administrator to dispose of surplus property located within the continental United States, Hawaii, Alaska (including the Aleutian Islands), Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands shall file with the Administrator on WAA Form 1017, "Monthly Report of Proceeds and Receivables from Surplus Property Disposals", as attached hereto,² the information called for by that form in accordance with the instructions accompanying it.

2. WAA Form 1017 prescribed by this order may be reproduced by the disposal agencies: *Provided*, That the format and size are identical to the format and size of WAA Form 1017 on file with the Division of the Federal Register, sample copies of which may be obtained from the Administrator.

3. Disposal agencies may continue to use Form SPA-17 until the stock of this form is exhausted. Wherever in such form or the instructions thereto the words "War Assets Corporation" appear they shall be deemed to refer to the War Assets Administrator.

This revised order shall become effective August 21, 1946.

ROBERT M. LITTLEJOHN,
Administrator.

AUGUST 16, 1946.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14587; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946; 11:39 a. m.]

[Reg. 13,¹ Order 1]

PART 8313—STANDARD GENERAL PURPOSE AND SPECIAL MACHINERY

COMMERCIALLY UNSALABLE SPECIAL MACHINERY TO BE DISPOSED OF AS SCRAP OR SALVAGE

Section 8313.5 (b) of this part provides that the Administrator may, from time to time, determine certain classes of special machinery to be commercially unsalable, in which case owning and disposal agencies shall dispose of such special machinery in their possession as scrap or salvage. It has been determined that certain types of special machinery having been designed for, and principally used in, the production of war material are not readily adaptable to general purpose use and are commercially unsalable for the reason that the estimated cost of care, handling, and disposition will exceed the estimated proceeds unless such machines are promptly sold as scrap or salvage.

Pursuant to the authority of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 (58 Stat. 765; 50 U.S.C. App. Sup. 1611), Public Law 181, 79th Congress, 1st Session (59 Stat. 533), Executive Order 9689 (11 F.R. 1265), and Public Law 375, 79th Congress, 2d Session; *It is hereby ordered, That:*

1. The Administrator having determined the special machines described herein to be commercially unsalable, owning agencies are authorized to dispose of such special machines in their possession as scrap or salvage, and disposal agencies shall, subject to the provisions of § 8313.5 (d) of this part, dispose of such special machines as scrap or salvage.

2. Special machines so determined to be commercially unsalable and included in this order are described as follows:

Manufacturer and Description

Baird Machine Co.: 5-spindle continuously turning machine.
Baker Machine Co.: Single-end horizontal bomb manufacturing machines.
3½ and No. 24 floor-type, horizontal bomb manufacturing machines.
Two-way combination machines—bomb manufacturing machines.
E. W. Bliss Co.: No. 4, 6, 7 headers.
Black Rock Manufacturing Co.: 6" Camelure slotting machines.
Cleveland Automatic Machine Co.: Special purpose model B machine.
James Coulter Machine Co.:
Model T-1 cartridge machine.
James Coulter Machine Co.—Con.
Model T-3 cartridge machine.
Model T-5 cartridge machine.
Crown Machine & Tool Co.: 3"-6" shell lathes.
Ferracute Machine Co.: Horizontal toggle and crank, 50-cal. ammunition press.
Henry & Wright Co.: Primer inserting machines.
Hepburn-American Co.: Shell lathes, sizes A, B, B-heavy duty, and C.
Jones & Lamson Co.: Supercharger bucket grinders.
Landis Machine Co.: "Landmaco" shell tapers—models 1½R, 1½RR, and 1½H.O.
Lipe Rollway Corp.: Shell lathes, models B120, B140 and B100.
New Britain Machine Co.: Model 49 and 65 chucking machines.
Sparks Machine Tool Corp.: Semi-automatic lathes.
Sunstrand Machine Tool Co.:
Special end mills.
Sliding head mills.
Impeller mills.
Angular sliding head mills.
Swivel rotary mills.
Duplex spot face mills.
Planetary mills.
Muff mills.

This order shall become effective August 20, 1946.

ROBERT M. LITTLEJOHN,
Administrator.

AUGUST 15, 1946.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14586; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946; 11:39 a. m.]

[Reg. 21, Amdt. 1]

PART 8321—PRICING AND DISTRIBUTION POLICY FOR PRODUCTION MATERIALS AND PRODUCTION EQUIPMENT

War Assets Administration Regulation 21, June 18, 1946, entitled "Pricing and Distribution Policy for Production Materials and Production Equipment" (11 F.R. 7134) is hereby amended by changing the last sentence of § 8321.8 (c) to read as follows: "Such agents shall be required to present a written authorization from the principal for each purchase."

This amendment shall become effective August 15, 1946.

ROBERT M. LITTLEJOHN,
Administrator.

AUGUST 15, 1946.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14589; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946; 11:39 a. m.]

TITLE 36—PARKS AND FORESTS

Chapter I—National Park Service, Department of the Interior

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY RELATING TO TIMBER

CROSS REFERENCE: For delegation of authority to the National Park Service with respect to functions relating to timber, see § 4.661 of Subtitle A of Title 43, *infra*.

TITLE 43—PUBLIC LANDS: INTERIOR

Subtitle A—Office of the Secretary of the Interior

[Order 2238]

PART 4—DELEGATIONS OF AUTHORITY

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT, BUREAU OF RECLAMATION, GEOLOGICAL SURVEY AND NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

AUGUST 16, 1946.

Orders Nos. 1799 (8 F.R. 3743), 1917 (9 F.R. 910), 1961 (9 F.R. 7529), 2180 (11 F.R. 4039), and 2220, and orders dated March 30, 1945 (10 F.R. 3778) and February 27, 1946 (11 F.R. 2225) relating to registers, are revoked and the following sections are added to Part 4 to become effective immediately and to read as follows:

SUBPART C—BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Sec.
4.275 Functions with respect to various statutes.
4.276 Functions relating to grazing district administration.
4.300 Functions with respect to small tract leases.

SUBPART E—BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

4.410 Functions relating to reclamation withdrawals.

SUBPART H—GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

4.611 Functions relating to boundaries and operators under unitization agreements.
4.612 Acceptance of easements.
4.613 Functions relating to claimed discoveries of new oil and gas fields.

SUBPART I—NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

4.661 Functions relating to timber.

SUBPART C—BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

§ 4.275 *Functions with respect to various statutes.* (a) The Director of the Bureau of Land Management may act in relation to the following classes of matters without obtaining secretarial approval, unless the Secretary in any particular matter determines otherwise, subject in any event to an appeal to the Secretary according to the rules of practice (43 CFR, Part 221):

(1) Applications to lease public lands for grazing purposes under section 15 of

¹ 11 F.R. 2381, 3691.

² Filed as part of the original document.

the act of June 28, 1934 (48 Stat. 1275; 43 U.S.C. 315m), and the issuance, modification, renewal, assignment, or cancellation of such leases, and the disposition of protests and conflicting applications.

(2) Applications to lease public lands for public airports under the act of May 24, 1928 (45 Stat. 728; 49 U.S.C. 211-214), and the issuance, assignment, modification or cancellation of such leases.

(3) Applications to lease public lands for a home, cabin, camp, health, convalescent, recreational, or business site under the act of June 1, 1938 (52 Stat. 609; 43 U.S.C. 682a), and the issuance, assignment, modification or cancellation of such leases.

(4) Applications to lease public lands in Alaska for fur farms under the act of July 3, 1926 (44 Stat. 821; 48 U.S.C. 360, 361), and the issuance, assignment, modification or cancellation of such leases.

(5) Applications to lease public lands in Alaska for grazing purposes under the act of March 4, 1927 (44 Stat. 1452; 48 U.S.C. 471, 471a-471c), and the issuance, assignment, modification or cancellation of such leases.

(6) Applications by states, counties or municipalities to lease public lands for recreational use under the act of June 14, 1926 (44 Stat. 741; 43 U.S.C. 869), or the act of April 13, 1928 (45 Stat. 429; 43 U.S.C. 869a), and the issuance, modification or cancellation of such leases.

(7) Approval of construction in advance of the issuance of a permit or easement in right-of-way cases, in accordance with 43 CFR, 244.10, 245.8, as amended.

(8) Applications to use public lands under right-of-way permits for tramroads under the act of January 21, 1895 (28 Stat. 635; 43 U.S.C. 956), and the issuance, assignment, modification or cancellation of such permits.

(9) Applications to use public lands under permits for rights-of-way under the act of February 15, 1901 (31 Stat. 790; 43 U.S.C. 959, 16 U.S.C. 79), and the issuance, assignment, modification or cancellation of such permits; *Provided, however*, That cancellation shall be only in the circumstances specifically prescribed in regulations of the Secretary. This authority shall not relate to applications or permits involving lands within national parks, Indian or other reservations of the United States.

(10) Applications to use public lands under right-of-way easements under the act of March 4, 1911 (36 Stat. 1235, 1253-54; 43 U.S.C. 961), and the issuance and assignment of such easements. This authority shall not relate to applications or permits involving lands within national parks, Indian or other reservations of the United States, or to the revocation of any easements granted under the act of March 4, 1911, or to the modification of such easements without the consent of the persons to whom they have been issued.

(11) Approval of applications for rights-of-way and the issuance, modification and assignment of such easements, under the following acts, *Provided however*, That the authority hereunder shall not relate to applications involving lands within national parks,

Indian or other reservations of the United States:

(i) Act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stat. 1101), as amended by the act of March 4, 1917 (39 Stat. 1197), act of March 1, 1921 (41 Stat. 1194), and the act of May 28, 1926 (44 Stat. 668; 43 U.S.C. 946-950), for right-of-way for canals, laterals, and reservoir sites for irrigation and drainage purposes, including the right to materials for construction thereof, and permits or easements for caretaker's building sites on adjoining acreage.

(ii) Section 17 of the Federal Aid Highway Act of November 9, 1921 (42 Stat. 216; 23 U.S.C. 18), for right-of-way for highways and road building material sites.

(iii) Act of June 8, 1938 (52 Stat. 633, as amended; 23 U.S.C. 10b) for right-of-way for roadside and landscape development under the Federal Aid Highway Act.

(iv) Act of November 19, 1941 (55 Stat. 767; 23 U.S.C., Sup., 108) for right-of-way for flight strips under the Federal Aid Highway Act.

(v) Approval of rights-of-way for railroad purposes under the act of March 18, 1875 (18 Stat. 482; 43 U.S.C. 934).

(vi) Approval of rights-of-way under section 28 of the act of February 25, 1920, as amended (41 Stat. 437, 449; 30 U.S.C. 185), and of modifications and partial or entire relinquishments of such rights-of-way.

(12) Approvals of clear lists of State selections under the act of February 28, 1891 (26 Stat. 796, 43 U.S.C. 851), and section 2449 of the Revised Statutes (43 U.S.C. 859), and of clear lists of swamp lands under sections 2479 and 2490 of the Revised Statutes (43 U.S.C. 982, 988).

(13) Orders authorizing the issuance of patents for school sections under the act of June 21, 1934 (48 Stat. 1185; 43 U.S.C. 871a).

(14) Orders authorizing the survey of islands or omitted lands under the general authorization of the Interior Department Appropriation Acts (e. g., act of July 2, 1942, 56 Stat. 506, 511; act of June 28, 1941, 55 Stat. 303, 309); the resurveys of public lands under the above-mentioned acts and the act of March 3, 1909 (35 Stat. 845), as amended by the Joint Resolution of June 25, 1910 (36 Stat. 884; 43 U.S.C. 772); and the resurvey of public and private lands under the act of September 21, 1918 (40 Stat. 965; 43 U.S.C. 773).

(15) Decisions denying applications for stock-driveway withdrawals or for the revocation of such withdrawals under section 10 of the act of December 29, 1916 (39 Stat. 862, 865; 43 U.S.C. 300).

(16) Notation and declaration that any lands of the United States reserved for power purposes under section 24 of the Federal Power Act of June 10, 1920 (41 Stat. 1075; 16 U.S.C. 818), which the Federal Power Commission shall determine will not be injured in value for power development purposes by disposition under the public land laws, are, subject to the restrictions specified by the Commission and section 24, no longer reserved under section 24.

(17) Applications for oil and gas non-competitive leases under section 17 of the act of February 25, 1920 (41 Stat. 437, 443), as amended August 21, 1935 (49 Stat. 674, 676; 30 U.S.C. 226), the issuance of such leases, and consolidations, modifications, revocations, and cancellations relating thereto.

(18) Applications for oil and gas renewal leases under section 17 of the act of February 25, 1920 (41 Stat. 443; 30 U.S.C. 226), the issuance of such leases and consolidations, modifications, revocations and cancellations relating thereto, pursuant to 43 CFR 192.78, as amended.

(19) Applications for oil and gas exchange leases under section 2 of the act of August 21, 1935 (49 Stat. 679; 30 U.S.C. 223a), the issuance of such leases and consolidations, modifications, revocations and cancellations relating thereto, pursuant to 43 CFR 192.91, as amended.

(20) Offering of units for competitive oil and gas leasing under section 17 of the Mineral Leasing Act; acceptance of bids; and issuance of such leases.

(21) Applications for coal permits and licenses under sections 2 and 8 of the act of February 25, 1920 (41 Stat. 438, 440; 30 U.S.C. 201, 208), the issuance of such permits and licenses, and assignments, extensions of time, cancellations and surety bonds relating thereto.

(22) Applications for sodium permits under section 23 of the act of February 25, 1920, as amended (41 Stat. 447; 30 U.S.C. 261), the issuance of such permits, and assignments and cancellations relating thereto.

(23) Applications for sulphur permits under the act of April 17, 1926, as amended (44 Stat. 301; 30 U.S.C. 271), the issuance of such permits, and assignments and cancellations relating thereto.

(24) Applications for mineral spring leases under the act of March 3, 1925 (43 Stat. 1133; 43 U.S.C. 971), the issuance of such leases, and assignments, modifications and cancellations relating thereto.

(25) Approval of all bonds filed in connection with oil and gas leases, including collective bonds.

(26) Under the act of May 21, 1930 (30 U.S.C. 301-306): determination as to compatibility with the public interest of the issuance of leases; acceptance of bids and execution of agreements for payment of compensatory royalties; and issuance of such leases.

(27) Negotiations of agreements for payment, because of drainage, of compensatory royalties; and execution of such agreements.

(28) With respect to all mineral leases: approval of assignments of leases or royalty interests, of operating agreements and assignments of such agreements, and of subleases.

(29) Cancellation of liability on contracts (including leases and permits) and bonds after the contract has been fully performed, or terminated by agreement of the parties, and the determination incident to the cancellation of such liability.

(30) Extension of time in which to cut timber under timber patents on Oregon re-vested and reconveyed lands, under the act of May 19, 1930 (46 Stat. 369).

(31) Termination of rights under timber patents under the act of June 9, 1916 (39 Stat. 218).

(32) Acceptance of surrender of part or entire leases and permits of all types administered by the Bureau of Land Management.

(33) Elimination from leases and permits of all types of such lands which, having been previously disposed of, or having been subject to a withdrawal or reservation, were erroneously included.

(34) Applications for reservoir sites for water for livestock under the act of January 13, 1897 (29 Stat. 484), as amended by the act of March 3, 1923 (42 Stat. 1437; 43 U.S.C. 952-955).

(35) Issuance without rental charge of special land-use permits to Federal agencies, and to State agencies and political subdivisions.

(36) Sales of isolated tracts under section 2455 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (48 Stat. 1269, 1274; 43 U.S.C. 1171) in accordance with existing policies.

(37) Applications for private exchanges under section 8 of the Taylor Grazing Act of June 28, 1934 (48 Stat. 1272, 43 U.S.C. 315g), as amended, and the approval of such applications.

(38) Restoration of lands within national forests to homestead entry under the act of June 11, 1906, as amended (34 Stat. 233; 16 U.S.C. 506), and revocation of such restorations.

(39) Classification under section 7 of the Taylor Grazing Act of June 28, 1934 (48 Stat. 1269, 1272), as amended by the act of June 26, 1936 (49 Stat. 1976; 43 U.S.C. 315f), of land as being suitable for disposition as follows:

(i) Under the homestead laws or the desert-land laws.

(ii) As an isolated tract under section 2455 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (48 Stat. 1269, 1274; 43 U.S.C. 1171).

(iii) Under the Small Tract Act of June 1, 1938 (52 Stat. 609; 43 U.S.C. 682a), *Provided, however*, That classifications covering more than 2,000 acres of land shall continue to be submitted for secretarial approval.

(iv) Private land exchanges pursuant to section 8 of the Taylor Grazing Act.

(v) Indian allotments, with the concurrence of the Commissioner or Assistant Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

(vi) Leasing for public airport purposes under the act of May 29, 1928 (45 Stat. 728; 49 U.S.C. 211, et seq.).

(b) Except as expressly provided, this section does not authorize classification pursuant to section 7 of the Taylor Grazing Act or pursuant to any other act requiring classification of public lands. In the event of any disagreement or difference of views with respect to any matter listed in this section between the Bureau of Land Management and any other bureau or office of this Department, the matter shall be presented to the Department for secretarial determination and approval. All general rules, regulations, circulars and instructions must be approved by the Secretary. Any matter affecting power shall be cleared through the Division of Power.

(c) The Bureau of Land Management shall make comprehensive quarterly reports of its activities under this section.

(R.S. 161, 453, 2478; 5 U.S.C. 22, 43 U.S.C. 2, 1201; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1946; 43 CFR 4.250)

§ 4.276 *Functions relating to grazing district administration.* (a) The Director of the Bureau of Land Management may hereafter act in relation to the following classes of matters without obtaining secretarial approval, unless the Secretary in any particular matter determines otherwise, and subject in any event to an appeal to the Secretary in appropriate cases:

(1) The remission or refund of grazing fees in cases where because of range depletion due to severe drought or other causes the moneys involved have not been deposited in the Treasury as earned, and in cases involving earned moneys where the parties seeking relief are willing that a credit be allowed on subsequent grazing fees.

(2) The execution and filing in the name of the United States of applications to appropriate water under State laws, where required in connection with stock-watering projects, and to secure easements or rights-of-way upon or over private lands, where improvements are erected.

(3) The acceptance of contributions toward the administration, protection and improvement of the districts.

(4) The approval of leases under the Pierce Act (52 Stat. 1033; 43 U.S.C. 315m-1—315m-4, incl.) in accordance with 43 CFR, Cum. Supp., Part 505.

(5) The approval of cooperative agreements effected under section 2 of the Taylor Grazing Act (48 Stat. 1269; 43 U.S.C. 315a), in accordance with existing policies.

(b) All general rules, regulations and instructions must be approved by the Secretary. (R.S. 161, 3828 secs. 2, 3, 9, 48 Stat. 1270, 1273, 52 Stat. 1033; 5 U.S.C. 22, 44 U.S.C. 324, 43 U.S.C. 315a, 315b, 315h, 315m-1; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1946; 43 CFR 4.250)

§ 4.300 *Functions with respect to small tract leases.* (a) Without obtaining secretarial approval or the approval of the Director, Bureau of Land Management, unless the Secretary or the Director in any particular matter determines otherwise, subject in any event to an appeal to the Director and from his decision to the Secretary, according to the rules of practice (43 CFR, Part 221), the manager of a district land office may act upon:

(1) Applications for and the issuance of leases upon public lands, for periods not exceeding five years, which are classified by the Secretary or the Director, Bureau of Land Management, for any purpose specified in the act of June 1, 1938 (52 Stat. 609; 43 U.S.C. 682a), as amended, other than business, provided that the applicant, upon the issuance of such a lease, will have only one tract under this act, and that in the case of non-preference-right applications, the application covers a tract as established by the order of classification, except where the unleased part of a 10-acre subdivision does not conform to such tract.

(2) Applications to renew such leases and the issuance of such renewal leases for periods not exceeding five years, provided the land then is classified for such purpose.

(3) The assignment of such leases and subletting of such leased land.

(b) This section does not relate to or authorize the classification of public lands pursuant to the Small Tract Act or any other act requiring the classification of public lands prior to the exercise of the functions delegated and the authority delegated does not extend to the following: any action with respect to the modification or cancellation of a lease; any application for a lease for a business site; cases where the applicant by one or more applications seeks leases covering more than one tract, or where the applicant already has a lease; and assignments, subleases, or renewals of leases which the manager is not authorized to issue. (R.S. 161, 453, 2478; 5 U.S.C. 22, 43 U.S.C. 2, 1201)

SUBPART E—BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

§ 4.410 *Functions relating to reclamation withdrawals.* The Commissioner of Reclamation, with the concurrence of the Director of the Bureau of Land Management, may withdraw lands and revoke orders of withdrawal under section 3 of the act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat. 388). Prior to issuance and in accordance with existing practice, such orders of withdrawal shall be cleared by the Bureau of Reclamation with all agencies of the Department which the records indicate may be interested, and no such order of withdrawal shall be issued if objected to by any agency of the Department. If such an objection is raised, the matter shall be submitted to the Department. Orders of revocation shall include the provisions required by section 4 of the act of September 27, 1944 (58 Stat. 748; 43 U.S.C., Supp., 282). (R.S. 161, 55 Stat. 842; 5 U.S.C. 22, 16 U.S.C., Supp., 5902-11)

SUBPART H—GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

§ 4.611 *Functions relating to boundaries and operators under unitization agreements.* Determinations of the boundaries of a participating area under a unitization agreement (executed pursuant to section 17 or 27 of the act of February 25, 1920, as amended, 30 U.S.C. 226, 184) shall be made by the Director of the Geological Survey. The Director may approve requests for a change in operator under a unitization agreement. Such determinations and actions on requests for change of operator shall be subject to the right of appeal to the Secretary as provided in 30 CFR, Cum. Supp., 221.66. (R.S. 161, sec. 32, 41 Stat. 450, sec. 1, 20 Stat. 394; 5 U.S.C. 22, 30 U.S.C. 189, 43 U.S.C. 31)

§ 4.612 *Acceptance of easements.* On behalf of the United States, the Director of the Geological Survey may accept conveyances of easements, licenses, and rights-of-way, and execute leases, for use by the Geological Survey of the lands in stream gaging. This authority shall extend only to conveyances and leases which respectively involve a consideration not in excess of \$100. Title examinations shall be made by the Solicitor's Office prior to acceptance or execution. (R.S. 161, sec. 1, 20 Stat. 394; 5 U.S.C. 22, 43 U.S.C. 31)

§ 4.613 *Functions relating to claimed discoveries of new oil and gas fields.* The Director of the Geological Survey may act on applications for royalty benefits by reason of a claimed discovery of a new oil and gas field under the act of December 24, 1942 (56 Stat. 1080; 30 U.S.C., Sup., 223, note), and determine whether a new oil and gas field has been discovered, and the effective date of such discovery, pursuant to 43 CFR 192.56f, as amended. (R.S. 161, sec. 1, 20 Stat. 394; 5 U.S.C. 22, 43 U.S.C. 31)

SUBPART I—NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

§ 4.661 *Functions relating to timber.* The Director of the National Park Service may provide for the cutting of timber, pursuant to section 3 of the act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535; 16 U.S.C. 3), and may approve the sale or disposition of such timber. (R.S. 161, secs. 1, 2, 3, 39 Stat. 535; 5 U.S.C. 22, 16 U.S.C. 1, 2, 3)

C. GIRARD DAVIDSON,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14536; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
9:46 a. m.]

Chapter I—Bureau of Land Management, Department of the Interior

DELEGATIONS OF AUTHORITY

CROSS REFERENCE: For delegations of authority to the Director of the Bureau of Land Management and to managers of district land offices, see §§ 4.275 to 4.300 of Subtitle A of this title, *supra*.

Chapter II—Bureau of Reclamation, Department of the Interior

DELEGATIONS OF AUTHORITY RELATING TO RECLAMATION WITHDRAWALS

CROSS REFERENCE: For delegation of authority with respect to functions relating to reclamation withdrawals, see § 4.410 of Subtitle A of this title, *supra*.

Chapter III—Bureau of Land Management (Grazing), Department of the Interior

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY RELATING TO GRAZING DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION

CROSS REFERENCE: For delegation of authority with respect to functions relating to grazing district administration, see § 4.276 of Subtitle A of this title, *supra*.

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION AND RAILROADS

Chapter I—Interstate Commerce Commission

[Rev. S. O. 201, Amdt. 1]

PART 95—CAR SERVICE

REFRIGERATOR CARS FOR TRANSPORTING ICE

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 30th day of July A. D. 1946.

Upon further consideration of the provisions of First Revised Service Order No. 201 (9 F.R. 5078), and good cause appearing therefor: *It is ordered*, That:

Service Order No. 201 (9 F.R. 5078), be, and it is hereby amended by adding the following paragraph (f) to § 95.338 *Refrigerator cars; use for transporting ice*:

(f) This order, as amended, shall expire at 11:59 p. m., November 17, 1946, unless otherwise modified, changed, suspended or annulled by order of this Commission. (40 Stat. 101, sec. 402, 41 Stat. 476, sec. 4, 54 Stat. 901; 49 U.S.C. 1 (10)–(17))

It is further ordered, That this amendment shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., August 17, 1946; that a copy of this order and direction be served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14580; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:33 a. m.]

[S. O. 523, Amdt. 2]

PART 96—JOINT USE OF TERMINALS

RESUMPTION OF LIMITED OPERATION BETWEEN HYDE, PA., AND BROCKWAY, PA.

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 19th day of August A. D. 1946.

It appearing, that the United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania, having issued a supplementary order dated June 12, 1946 permitting Thomas C. Buchanan and Robert C. Sproul, Jr., receivers for the Pittsburgh, Shawmut and Northern Railroad Company to resume limited operation of the railroad between Hyde, Pa., and Brockway, Pa., and said railroad having revised its Embargo No. 1 of May 22, 1946 in conformity therewith:

It is ordered, That Service Order No. 523 be, and it is hereby, amended by substituting the following paragraph (b) in lieu of paragraph (b) thereof:

(b) *Protection of through routes and joint rates required.* In view of the fact that on those portions of the Pittsburgh, Shawmut & Northern Railroad Company via which operations have been authorized to be suspended by the court, various through routes and joint rates exist, among which through routes is one with the Pittsburgh & Shawmut Railroad via Erie Junction, Penna., two with the Erie Railroad via Friendship and Hornell, N. Y., and one with the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company via Wayland, N. Y., which through routes and joint rates will not apply

because of such cessation of operations, leaving available junctions with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Olean, N. Y., and St. Marys, Penna., and with the Erie Railroad Company at Olean, N. Y., Hyde, Pa., and Brockway, Pa., and with the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company at Brockway, Pa., said receivers of the P. S. & N. R. R. Co. shall protect the presently published rate via said remaining available junctions, and shall collect no other or different charge than they would have collected if in fact the traffic had moved through the junction points via which service is suspended; this requirement to apply as to both inbound and outbound traffic.

It is further ordered, That this amendment become effective at 12:01 a. m., August 20, 1946; that a copy of this order and direction shall be served upon the Public Service Commission of New York, Albany, N. Y., and the Pennsylvania Public Utilities Commission, Harrisburg, Pa., and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement, and upon the receivers of the P. S. & N. R. R. Co., the Pittsburgh & Shawmut Railroad Co., the B. & O. R. R. Co., the Erie R. R. Co., the Pennsylvania R. R. Co., and the D. L. & W. R. R. Co.; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14581; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:33 a. m.]

[S. O. 572-A]

PART 95—CAR SERVICE

EMBARGOING OF MIDLAND WAREHOUSE CORP.

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 19th day of August A. D. 1946.

Upon further consideration of Service Order No. 572 (11 F.R. 8504), and good cause appearing therefor: *It is ordered*, That:

Service Order No. 572, Midland Warehouse Corporation Embargoed, be, and it is hereby, vacated and set aside. (40 Stat. 101, sec. 402, 41 Stat. 476, 485, secs. 4, 10, 54 Stat. 901, 912; 49 U.S.C. 1 (10)–(17), 15 (4))

It is further ordered, That this order shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., August 20, 1946; that a copy of this order and direction shall be served upon the railroads specified in paragraph (a) of Service Order No. 572, and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C.,

and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14582; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:33 a. m.]

Chapter II—Office of Defense Transportation

PART 500—CONSERVATION OF RAIL EQUIPMENT

CARLOAD FREIGHT TRAFFIC

CROSS REFERENCE: For exceptions to certain provisions of Part 500 see Part 520, *infra*.

[Special Direction ODT 18A-1, Amdt. 5]

PART 520—CONSERVATION OF RAIL EQUIP- MENT; EXCEPTIONS, PERMITS, AND SPECIAL DIRECTIONS

CARLOAD FREIGHT TRAFFIC

Pursuant to the provisions of § 500.73 of General Order ODT 18A, Revised, § 520.490 of Special Direction ODT 18A-1, as amended (8 F.R. 14481; 9 F.R. 117, 7587; 10 F.R. 12456, 12747), is hereby further amended by changing Item 10 and by adding Item 281 (c), Item 841, and Items 890 to 945, inclusive, to read as shown below:

10. Bolts, nuts, rivets, screws, washers, and nails. In packages, in closed freight cars, shall be loaded to a weight of not less than 60,000 pounds.

281. (c) Tile, roofing, shall be loaded to a weight of not less than 65,000 pounds.

841. Paper, waste. Wastepaper, in bales, weighing not less than 800 pounds each, shall be loaded on end, one tier high, covering the entire floor space of the car.

890. Liquors, alcoholic, nothn. In glass, in fibre cartons, shall be loaded four complete tiers high, covering the entire floor space of the car.

895. Petroleum and petroleum products.

900. (a) Straight carload shipments of commodities in packages, in fibre cartons, not listed in Items 910 (c) to 935 (b), inclusive, shall be loaded to a weight of not less than 55,000 pounds.

905. (b) Mixed carload shipments consisting of commodities packed in drums, cartons, or buckets, shall be loaded to a weight of not less than 45,000 pounds.

910. (c) Asphaltum, in packages, shall be loaded to a weight of not less than 80,000 pounds.

915. (d) Wax, in bags, shall be loaded five tiers high, or to a weight of not less than 65,000 pounds.

920. (e) Wax, in packages, shall be loaded to a weight of not less than 80,000 pounds.

925. (f) Wax, in slack barrels, shall be loaded with barrels on end two tiers high, or to a weight of not less than 50,000 pounds.

930. (g) Wax, slabs, loose, during the period April 1 to October 31 of any year in which this provision is in effect, shall be loaded to a weight of not less than 65,000 pounds.

935. (h) Wax, slabs, loose, during the period November 1 to March 31 of any year in which this provision is in effect, shall be loaded to a weight of not less than 80,000 pounds.

940. Sisal. In bales, weighing not less than 400 pounds each, shall be loaded on end, two tiers high, covering the entire floor space of the car.

945. Burlap. In bales, weighing not less than 800 pounds each, shall be loaded on end, one tier high, covering the entire floor space of the car.

This Amendment 5 to Special Direction ODT 18A-1 shall become effective August 22, 1946.

(Title III Second War Powers Act, 1942, as amended, 56 Stat. 177, 50 U. S. C. App. 633, 58 Stat. 827, 59 Stat. 658, Public Law 475, 79th Congress; E.O. 8989, as amended, 6 F.R. 6725, 8 F.R. 14183; E.O. 9729, 11 F.R. 5641)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 19th day of August 1946.

A. H. GASS,
Director, Railway Transport
Department, Office of Defense
Transportation.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14537; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
9:47 a. m.]

[Gen. Permit ODT 1-2, Revocation]

PART 520—CONSERVATION OF RAIL EQUIP- MENT; EXCEPTIONS, PERMITS, AND SPECIAL DIRECTIONS

MERCHANDISE TRAFFIC

Pursuant to Title III of the Second War Powers Act, 1942, as amended, Executive Order 8989, as amended, and Executive Order 9729; *It is hereby ordered*, that General Permit ODT 1-2, § 520.2, issued on August 3, 1942 (7 F.R. 6017), relating to the movement of merchandise freight cars for the armed forces, be, and it is hereby, revoked, effective August 26, 1946.

(Title III of the Second War Powers Act, 1942, as amended, 56 Stat. 177, 50 U.S.C. App. 633, 58 Stat. 827, 59 Stat. 658, Public Law 475, 79th Congress; E.O. 8989, as amended, 6 F.R. 6725, 8 F.R. 14183; E.O. 9729, 11 F.R. 5641)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 20th day of August, 1946.

J. M. JOHNSON,
Director,
Office of Defense Transportation.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14584; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:48 a. m.]

[Gen. Permit ODT 18A, Revised—17]

PART 520—CONSERVATION OF RAIL EQUIP- MENT; EXCEPTIONS, PERMITS, AND SPE- CIAL DIRECTIONS

SHIPMENTS OF IRISH POTATOES AND SEED POTATOES

In accordance with the provisions of § 500.73 of General Order ODT 18A, Revised (11 F.R. 8229), it is hereby authorized, that:

§ 520.512 *Shipments of new fresh harvested Irish potatoes.* Notwithstanding the restrictions contained in § 500.72 of General Order ODT 18A, Revised (11 F.R. 8229), any person may offer for transportation, and any rail carrier may accept for transportation at point of origin, forward from point of origin, or load and forward from point of origin, any

carload freight consisting of new fresh harvested Irish potatoes:

(a) When the origin of any such freight is any point or place in the States of Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, or Washington, and the quantity loaded in each car is not less than 40,000 pounds; or

(b) When the origin of any such freight is any point or place in the States of Kansas or Missouri, and the quantity loaded in each car is not less than 30,000 pounds; or

(c) When the origin of any such freight is any point or place in the States of Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Nebraska, North Carolina, North Dakota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, or Wisconsin, and the quantity loaded in each car is not less than 36,000 pounds when such freight is iced, or when ice is available for placing in such car: *Provided*, That, if ice is not available at the shipping point for placing in such car, the quantity loaded in each car shall be not less than 30,000 pounds.

(d) The provisions of this § 520.512 shall not apply to carload freight consisting of new fresh harvested Irish potatoes when such freight is consigned to any person for the purpose of processing such freight into starch, alcohol, or animal food.

§ 520.513 *Shipments of certified seed potatoes.* Notwithstanding the restrictions contained in § 500.72 of General Order ODT 18A, Revised (11 F.R. 8229), any person may offer for transportation, and any rail carrier may accept for transportation at point of origin, forward from point of origin, or load and forward from point of origin, any carload freight consisting of certified seed potatoes properly tagged and certified by the official State seed certifying agency, when the origin of any such freight is any point or place in the States of Minnesota, Nebraska, North Dakota, or South Dakota: *Provided*, That, the quantity of such certified seed potatoes loaded in each car is not less than 36,000 pounds.

§ 520.514 *Expiration dates.* (a) The provisions of this General Permit ODT 18A, Revised-17, relating to freight consisting of new fresh harvested Irish potatoes originating at any point or place in the States of Alabama, Arkansas, Arizona, California, Florida, Georgia, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, or Virginia, shall expire on August 31, 1946;

(b) The provisions of this General Permit ODT 18A, Revised-17, relating to freight consisting of new fresh harvested Irish potatoes originating at any point or place in the States of Colorado, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, or Washington, shall expire on September 15, 1946;

(c) The provisions of this General Permit ODT 18A, Revised-17, relating to freight consisting of new fresh harvested Irish potatoes originating at any

point or place in the States of Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Vermont, or Wisconsin, shall expire on September 30, 1946;

(d) The provisions of this General Permit ODT 18A, Revised-17, relating to certified seed potatoes shall expire on September 30, 1946.

This General Permit ODT 18A, Revised-17 shall become effective August 21, 1946, and shall cancel and supersede General Permit ODT 18A, Revised-5, as of midnight August 20, 1946.

(56 Stat. 177, 50 U.S.C. App. 633, 58 Stat. 827, 59 Stat. 658, Public Law 475, 79th Congress; E.O. 8989, as amended, 6 F.R. 6725, 8 F.R. 14183; E.O. 9729, 11 F.R. 5641)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 20th day of August 1946.

J. M. JOHNSON,
Director,

Office of Defense Transportation.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14585; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:48 a. m.]

TITLE 50—WILDLIFE

Chapter I—Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior

PART 22—MOUNTAIN REGION NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGES

MEDICINE LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE, MONTANA; HUNTING REGULATIONS

Under authority of section 84 of the act of March 4, 1909 (35 Stat. 1104; 18 U.S.C. 145), as amended, and § 12.9 of the general regulations for the Administration of National Wildlife Refuges (5 F.R. 5284), as amended, the following is ordered:

Delete so much of § 22.631a as pertains to the description of Public Shooting Area No. 1 and Public Shooting Area No. 2 and insert in lieu thereof the following description:

Public Shooting Area—N½SW¼, N½SE¼, and SW¼SE¼ Sec. 4; all north and east of County Road in Sec. 5, T. 31 N., R. 57 E., and W½ Sec. 27; all Sec. 28; all south and east of County Road in Sec. 32; all Sec. 33; and NW¼ Sec. 34, T. 32 N., R. 57 E.

CLARENCE COTTAM,
Acting Director.

AUGUST 16, 1946.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14559; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
10:54 a. m.]

Notices

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Fiscal Service: Bureau of the Public Debt.

[1946 Dept. Circ. 792]

¾ PERCENT TREASURY CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS OF SERIES H-1947

OFFERING OF CERTIFICATES

AUGUST 19, 1946.

I. *Offering of certificates.* 1. The Secretary of the Treasury, pursuant to

the authority of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, invites subscriptions, at par, from the people of the United States for certificates of indebtedness of the United States, designated ¾ percent Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness of Series H-1947, in exchange for Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness of Series G-1946, maturing September 1, 1946. Approximately \$2,000,000,000 of the maturing certificates will be retired on cash redemption.

II. *Description of certificates.* 1. The certificates will be dated September 1, 1946, and will bear interest from that date at the rate of ¾ percent per annum, payable with the principal at maturity on September 1, 1947. They will not be subject to call for redemption prior to maturity.

2. The income derived from the certificates shall be subject to all Federal taxes, now or hereafter imposed. The certificates shall be subject to estate, inheritance, gift or other excise taxes, whether Federal or State, but shall be exempt from all taxation now or hereafter imposed on the principal or interest thereof by any State, or any of the possessions of the United States, or by any local taxing authority.

3. The certificates will be acceptable to secure deposits of public moneys. They will not be acceptable in payment of taxes.

4. Bearer certificates will be issued in denominations of \$1,000, \$5,000, \$10,000, \$100,000 and \$1,000,000. The certificates will not be issued in registered form.

5. The certificates will be subject to the general regulations of the Treasury Department, now or hereafter prescribed, governing United States certificates.

III. *Subscription and allotment.* 1. Subscriptions will be received at the Federal Reserve Banks and Branches and at the Treasury Department, Washington. Banking institutions generally may submit subscriptions for account of customers, but only the Federal Reserve Banks and the Treasury Department are authorized to act as official agencies.

2. The Secretary of the Treasury reserves the right to reject any subscription, in whole or in part, to allot less than the amount of certificates applied for, and to close the books as to any or all subscriptions at any time without notice; and any action he may take in these respects shall be final. Subject to these reservations, subscriptions for amounts up to and including \$25,000 will be allotted in full, and subscriptions for amounts over \$25,000 will be allotted to all holders on an equal percentage basis, but not less than \$25,000 on any one subscription. The basis of the allotment will be publicly announced, and allotment notices will be sent out promptly upon allotment.

IV. *Payment.* 1. Payment at par for certificates allotted hereunder must be made on or before September 3, 1946, or on later allotment, and may be made only in Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness of Series G-1946, maturing September 1, 1946, which will be accepted at par, and should accompany the subscription.

V. *General provision.* 1. As fiscal agents of the United States, Federal Reserve Banks are authorized and requested

to receive subscriptions, to make allotments on the basis and up to the amounts indicated by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Federal Reserve Banks of the respective Districts, to issue allotment notices, to receive payment for certificates allotted, to make delivery of certificates on full-paid subscriptions allotted, and they may issue interim receipts pending delivery of the definitive certificates.

2. The Secretary of the Treasury may at any time, or from time to time, prescribe supplemental or amendatory rules and regulations governing the offering, which will be communicated promptly to the Federal Reserve Banks.

[SEAL]

JOHN W. SNYDER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14487; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
12:08 p. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Coal Mines Administration.

[Order CMAN-12]

JONES & LAUGHLIN STEEL CORP.

AGREEMENT OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT OF SUPERVISORY EM- PLOYEES

By agreement dated July 17, 1946 between the Coal Mines Administrator and the United Clerical, Technical and Supervisory Employees of the Mining Industry, Division of District 50, United Mine Workers of America, and approved by the Secretary of the Interior and the Acting President of the United Mine Workers of America, concerning "Supervisory Employees" employed by the Jones & Laughlin Steel Corporation, Vesta-Shannopin Coal Division, and memorandum of interpretation relating to said agreement dated July 13, 1946, signed by representatives of the same parties, certain changes in terms and conditions of employment, among other things, were agreed upon; the wage changes to be retroactive to May 22, 1946. Such changes in terms and conditions of employment were ordered by the National Wage Stabilization Board pursuant to section 5 of the War Labor Disputes Act, which order was approved by the President on August 7, 1946.

Now, therefore, pursuant to said section 5 of the War Labor Disputes Act it is hereby ordered and directed that terms and conditions of employment concerning the said "Supervisory Employees" employed at the Vesta Mines Nos. 4, 5, and 6, and the Shannopin Mine of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Corporation, Vesta-Shannopin Coal Division, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, which mines are in Government possession under Executive Order 9728, shall be the terms and conditions of employment which were in effect at the time possession of such mines was taken pursuant to said Executive Order 9728 as changed, amended, and supplemented by said agreement dated July 17, 1946, between the Coal Mines Administrator and the United Clerical, Technical and Supervisory Employees of the Mining Industry, Division of District No. 50, United Mine Workers of America. Terms and condi-

tions of employment existing at the time possession of said mines was taken (May 22, 1946) are hereby construed to mean the terms and conditions existing on March 31, 1946 or the last day when said mines were operated by the Jones & Laughlin Steel Corporation subsequent to said date.

There are attached hereto and made a part hereof a copy of said agreement dated July 17, 1946,¹ a copy of the memorandum of interpretation relating to said agreement dated July 13, 1946,¹ and a copy of the order of the National Wage Stabilization Board dated July 23, 1946¹ relative to the said agreement and memorandum of interpretation, which order was approved by the President on August 7, 1946.

This order shall be deemed to be a specific direction or order within the meaning of the terms and provisions of the Revised Regulations for the Operation of Coal Mines Under Government Control (11 F.R. 7567).

BEN MOREEL,
Coal Mines Administrator.

AUGUST 17, 1946.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14556; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
10:38 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Rural Electrification Administration.

[Administrative Order 1114]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

AUGUST 1, 1946.

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the provisions of section 4 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, I hereby allocate, from the sums authorized by said act, funds for loans for the projects and in the amounts as set forth in the following schedule:

Project designation:	Amount
Arkansas 24R Washington.....	\$545,000
Georgia 20K Troup.....	50,000
Minnesota 12H St. Louis.....	585,000
Montana 2M Cascade.....	625,000
Nebraska 51T Burt District Pub- lic.....	226,000
Texas 107M Martin.....	80,000
Texas 114G Tom Green.....	260,000

[SEAL] WILLIAM J. NEAL,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14578; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:11 a. m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD.

[Docket No. 2411]

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES, LTD., ET AL.

NOTICE OF ORAL ARGUMENT

In the matter of the petition of American President Lines, Ltd., American South African Line, Inc., Atlantic, Gulf and West Indies Steamship Lines, Grace Line, Inc., Matson Navigation Company, Moore-McCormack Lines, Inc., Oceanic Steamship Company, Seas Shipping

Company, and United States Lines Company to investigate and study the effect of competitive conditions that have arisen through the implementation of recent international air agreements, and to review and revise its policy with respect to the participation of American steamship companies in foreign and overseas air transportation.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, that oral argument limited to the question of whether the petition should be granted is assigned to be held on Wednesday, September 4, 1946, 10 a. m., eastern standard time, in Room 5042 Commerce Building, 14th Street and Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, D. C., before the Board.

Dated Washington, D. C., August 16, 1946.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14557; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
10:52 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

[S. O. 577]

UNLOADING OF VARIOUS ARTICLES AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 19th day of August A. D. 1946.

It appearing, that 3 cars containing various articles, at New Orleans, Louisiana, on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, shipped by International Importing & Exporting Company, Hialeah, Fla., have been on hand for an unreasonable length of time, and that the delay in unloading said cars is impeding their use; in the opinion of the Commission an emergency exists requiring immediate action: It is ordered, that:

Various articles at New Orleans, Louisiana, be unloaded. (a) The Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, its agents or employees, shall unload immediately cars Milw 18353, Erie 78747 and C&NW 65322, loaded with various articles, now on hand at New Orleans, Louisiana, consigned to Danta Ambrustello care D. C. Andrews for export.

(b) *Notice and expiration.* Said carrier shall notify V. C. Clinger, Director, Bureau of Service, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D. C., when it has completed the unloading required by paragraph (a) hereof, and such notice shall specify when, where, and by whom such unloading was performed. Upon receipt of that notice this order shall expire. (40 Stat. 101, sec. 402; 41 Stat. 476, sec. 4; 54 Stat. 901, 911; 49 U.S.C. 1 (10)-(17), 15 (2))

It is further ordered, that this order shall become effective immediately; that a copy of this order and direction shall be served upon the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the rail-

roads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission, at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14583; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:33 a. m.]

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION.

[Order 116 Under Order 375 Under 3 (b)]

OPPERMAN FRUIT PRODUCTS CO.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 116 under Order No. 375 of § 1499.3 (b) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, Opperman Fruit Products Company. Docket No. 6035: 2-GMPR-375-501.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, it is ordered that:

Authorization of maximum prices governing sales of "Opperman's Orange Julep" an orange drink manufactured by Opperman Fruit Products Company, Birmingham, Ohio. (a) The maximum delivered prices for the sellers indicated below per case containing twelve (12) one-half gallon bottles on sales of "Opperman's Orange Julep" a beverage manufactured by Opperman Fruit Products Company, Birmingham, Ohio, in accordance with statements submitted in its price application shall be as follows:

Sales by—	To—	Maximum delivered price
Opperman Fruit Products Co. Wholesalers.....	Wholesalers.....	\$1.91 per case.
Wholesalers.....	Retailers.....	\$2.12 per case.
Retailers.....	Consumers.....	\$0.21 per bottle or \$2.52 per case.

(b) The prices established in this order are the highest prices for which "Opperman's Orange Julep" may be sold by the respective sellers. All sellers on sales of this item shall reduce the above appropriate maximum prices by applying discounts, allowances and price differentials which have been customary applied on sales of other comparable beverages. In the application of any customary differential, the specific maximum prices established by this order must not be exceeded.

(c) Opperman Fruit Products Company shall mail or otherwise supply to its purchasers at the time of or prior to the first delivery to such purchasers the following notice:

The Office of Price Administration has authorized us to sell our "Opperman's Orange Julep" to wholesalers at a maximum delivered price of \$1.91 per case containing twelve one-half gallon bottles. The maximum delivered price for wholesalers as authorized on sales of the same item to retailers, is \$2.12 per case containing twelve one-half

¹ Filed as part of the original document.

gallon bottles each. The maximum delivered price for retailers on sales of the same item to ultimate consumers is \$0.21 per bottle or \$2.52 per case containing twelve one-half gallon bottles, each. On sales of this item all sellers are required to reduce their maximum prices by applying their customary discounts, allowances and price differentials which have been applied to sales of comparable beverages.

(d) Opperman Fruit Products Company for a period of at least sixty days shall place in or on each case distributed through a wholesaler a notice as follows:

The Office of Price Administration has authorized wholesalers to sell to retailers "Opperman's Orange Julep" at a maximum delivered price of \$2.12 per case containing twelve one-half gallon bottles. Retailers are authorized to sell this item to consumers at the following maximum prices: \$0.21 per bottle or \$2.52 per case.

(e) This order may be revoked or annulled by the Price Administrator at any time.

NOTE: This action has the prior written approval of the Secretary of Agriculture (10 F.R. 8419, 9419, 10961, 12305).

This order shall become effective August 20, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14474; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
11:26 a. m.]

[RMFR 136, Amdt. 1 to Order 636]

WOODWORKING AND TIMBER WORKING MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion, issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, *It is ordered:*

Order No. 636 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation 136 is amended in the following respects:

1. In paragraph (a) in the definitive listings, Part I, thereof, under the sub-heading "Routers", delete the word "portable".

2. In paragraph (a) in the definitive listings, Part I, thereof, under the sub-heading "Rubbing Machines", delete the word "portable".

This order shall become effective August 24, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14462; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
11:28 a. m.]

[MPR 120, Amdt. 33 to Order 1548]

ELLIOT MINING CO. ET AL.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and in accordance with § 1340.212 (c) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120; *It is ordered:*

Order No. 1548 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 is hereby amended in the following respects.

Paragraph (a) is amended by adding thereto the following in the manner indicated:

Producer and address	Mine name	Mine index No.	Location and name of preparation plant through which the coals are prepared.
Mercury Mining & Construction Corp., 206 Caldwell & Graham Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa.	Mercury; No. 1. No. 2.	5243 5244	Mercury Mining & Construction Corp. Preparation Plant at Kittanning, Pa., on the P. R. R.

This Amendment No. 33 to Order No. 1548 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 shall become effective August 20, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14475; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
11:27 a. m.]

[MPR 120, Amdt. 34 to Order 1548]

ELLIOT MINING CO. ET AL.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and in accordance with § 1340.212 (c) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120, *It is ordered:*

Order No. 1548 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 is hereby amended in the following respects.

Paragraph (a) is amended by adding thereto the following in the manner indicated:

Producer and address	Mine names	Mine index Nos.	Location and name of preparation plant through which the coals are prepared
P. & N. Coal Co., Post Office Box 332, Punxsutawney, Pa.	P. & N. Nos. 12 and 15.	5310, 5824	P. & N. Coal Co.'s Rossiter Preparation Plant at Rossiter, Pa., on B. & O. and N. Y. C.

This Amendment No. 34 to Order No. 1548 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 shall become effective August 20, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14476; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
11:27 a. m.]

[MPR 120, Amdt. 35 to Order 1548]

ELLIOT MINING CO. ET AL.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and

in accordance with § 1340.212 (c) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120, *It is ordered:*

Order No. 1548 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 is hereby amended in the following respects:

Paragraph (a) is amended by adding thereto the following in the manner indicated:

Producer and address	Mine names	Mine index Nos.	Location and name of preparation plant through which the coals are prepared
The Davis Coal & Coke Co., 810 Keyser Bldg., Baltimore 2, Md.	Davis No. 41.	5850	Pendleton No. 23 mine preparation plant at Thomas, W. Va., on the W. M.

This Amendment No. 35 to Order No. 1548 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 shall become effective August 20, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14477; Filed, Aug. 17, 1946;
11:27 a. m.]

[MPR 591, Order 790]

HARMAX, INC.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to section 9 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 591, *It is ordered:*

(a) The maximum prices, for sales by any person to consumers, of the following water softeners manufactured by Harmax, Incorporated of Portland, Oregon and described in its application dated July 17, 1946 shall be:

6,000 grain, single tank water softener	\$30.00
1,500 grain, single tank water softener	22.00

(b) The maximum net LCL prices f. o. b. point of shipment for sales by any person shall be the maximum prices specified in (a) above less the following discounts:

1. On sales to a dealer, a discount of 33 1/3 percent.
2. On sales to a jobber, a discount of 50 percent.

(c) The maximum prices established by this order are subject to such further cash discounts, transportation allowances and price differentials at least as favorable as those which each seller extended or rendered or would have extended or rendered during March 1942 on sales of commodities in the same general category.

(d) The maximum prices on an installed basis of the commodities covered by this order shall be determined in accordance with Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251.

(e) Each seller covered by this order, except on sales to consumers, shall not

tify each of his purchasers, in writing, at or before the issuance of the first invoice after the effective date of this order, of the maximum prices established by this order for each such seller as well as the maximum prices established for purchasers except dealers upon resale.

(f) Harmax, Incorporated shall attach to each water softener covered by this order, a tag containing the following:

OPA Maximum Retail Price Not Installed—
\$-----
(Do Not Detach)

(g) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective August 20, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14478; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
11:28 a. m.]

[MPR 592, Order 111]

HYDRAULIC-PRESS BRICK CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 111 under section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592. Specified construction materials and refractories. Hydraulic-Press Brick Company. Docket No. 6122-592.16-371.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to section 16 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 592, *It is ordered:*

(a) The maximum net prices for sales by the Hydraulic-Press Brick Company, Indianapolis, Indiana, of brick and structural clay tile, at its Crawfordsville, Indiana plant, to its various classes of purchasers may be increased by an amount not in excess of \$3.25 per M for standard size brick equivalents or by an amount not in excess of \$1.30 per ton for structural hollow tile.

(b) If the Hydraulic-Press Brick Company, Indianapolis, Indiana, had an established differential in price during the month of March 1942 for nonstandard sizes of brick it may convert the adjustment granted herein for standard size brick on the basis of the conversion factors or formulae in use by it during March 1942 in establishing price differentials between standard size brick and the other sizes.

(c) Any person purchasing any of the products covered by this order produced by the Hydraulic-Press Brick Company, Indianapolis, Indiana, for the purpose of resale in the same form may increase his presently established prices under the General Maximum Price Regulation by adding the percentage increase in cost resulting from the increase permitted the manufacturer in (a) above. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, in any area where specific maximum prices are fixed by an area pricing order such specific maximum prices shall apply in that area.

(d) All requests of the application not granted herein are denied.

(e) This order may be amended or revoked by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

This Order No. 111 shall become effective August 20, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14479; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
11:28 a. m.]

[Order 160 Under 3 (e)]

ELECTRIC HOUSEHOLD UTILITIES CORP.
APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to § 1499.3 (e) of the General Maximum Price Regulation and § 6.4 of the Second Revised Supplementary Regulation No. 14; *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales of Models T-81-LP, T-81-ER, T-82-LP and T-82-ER, wringer type washing machines manufactured by Meadows Division of Electric Household Utilities Corporation, Bloomington, Illinois, when sold without the motor, with the intention that the motor should be installed by the distributor or dealer.

(1) For sales by the manufacturer to distributors or dealers, ceiling prices are \$6.85 less than the ceiling prices applicable to sales of the same models of washing machines when sold complete with motors. These prices are subject to the manufacturer's customary terms, discounts, allowances and other price differentials in effect on sales of the same models of washing machines when sold complete with motors.

(2) For sales by distributors to dealers, ceiling prices are \$6.85 less than the distributor's ceiling prices applicable to sales of the same models of washing machines when sold complete with motors. These prices are subject to each seller's customary terms, discounts, allowances and other price differentials in effect on sales of the same models when sold complete with motors.

(b) The manufacturer shall, before delivering any article covered by this order, attach securely to the article a tag or label stating that the washing machine was sold by the manufacturer without the motor, that the motor is to be installed in the field, and stating also the OPA retail ceiling prices in effect in each zone for sales to consumers of the washing machine complete with motor.

(c) For purposes of this order Zones 1, 2, and 3 are those defined in Revised Order No. 6 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 86.

(d) At the time of, or prior to, the first invoice to each purchaser for resale at wholesale of any articles covered by this order, the manufacturer shall notify each purchaser of the ceiling prices established by this order for resales of the articles by the purchaser. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(e) Unless the context requires otherwise the definitions set forth in the various sections of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 86 shall apply to the terms used herein.

(f) This order may be amended or revoked by the Price Administrator at any time.

(g) This order shall become effective on the 19th day of August 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14491; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
4:08 p. m.]

[RMPR 528, Order 135]

FIRESTONE TIRE AND RUBBER CO.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to section 16 (d) of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 528, *It is ordered:*

(a) The maximum retail price for a new 14.00 x 24, 12-ply Ground Grip Road Builder tire manufactured by the Firestone Tire & Rubber Company of Akron, Ohio, shall be \$202.50 each in cotton construction and \$212.60 each in rayon construction.

(b) All provisions of RMPR 528 not inconsistent with this order shall apply to sales covered by this order.

(c) This order may be amended or revoked by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

This order shall become effective August 21, 1946.

Issued this 20th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14566; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:08 a. m.]

[RMPR 528, Order 136]

MONTGOMERY WARD

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to section 16 (d) of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 528, *It is ordered:*

(a) The maximum retail prices for the following sizes of stop-start type tires in rayon construction manufactured for Montgomery Ward of Chicago, Illinois, shall be:

WARD'S RIVERSIDE SUPER SERVICE—STOP-START
TRUCK AND BUS TIRE

Size	Replaces size	Ply rating	Maximum retail price, each
Super Service 10...	6.00-16	6	\$24.25
Super Service 22...	7.00-20/7.50-20 (8)	10	64.90
Super Service 28...	7.50-20/8.25-20	10	74.50
Super Service 34...	8.25-20 (2)-9.00-20 (10)	10	88.95
Super Service 40...	9.00-20 (12)-10.00-20	12	112.70
Super Service 42...	10.00-22	12	118.75
Super Service 48...	11.00-20	12	132.55
Super Service 50...	11.00-22	12	140.25

(b) All provisions of RMPR 528 not inconsistent with this order shall apply to sales covered by this order.

(c) This order may be amended or revoked by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

This order shall become effective August 21, 1946.

Issued this 20th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14567; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:08 a. m.]

[RMPR 528, Order 137]

RECAPPING TIRES AND SALES OF BASIC TIRE CARCASSES

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to sections 17 (e) and 18 (c) of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 528, *It is ordered:*

(a) Maximum retail prices for the service of recapping the following sizes of tires with conventional type of tread, using the indicated grades of camelback, shall be:

Size	Maximum retail price, each		
	Grade A	Grade C	Grade F
5.50-15	\$6.35	\$6.10	\$5.90
6.00-15	6.90	6.60	6.40

(b) Maximum retail prices for sales of the following sizes of basic tire carcasses shall be:

Tire size	Maximum prices for sound basic tire carcasses	Deductions required on unrepaired basic tire carcasses	
		Each spot repair needed	Each sectional or reinforcement repair needed
5.50-15	\$3.20	\$.95	\$2.00
6.00-15	3.50	1.00	2.20

(c) All provisions of RMPR 528 not inconsistent with this order shall apply to sales covered by this order.

(d) This order may be revoked or amended by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

This order shall become effective August 23, 1946.

Issued this 20th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14568; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:09 a. m.]

[MPR 530, Order 1]

IMPORT PRICES FOR PULPWOOD PRODUCED IN THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, NEW BRUNSWICK AND NOVA SCOTIA IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA

AUTHORIZATION OF ADJUSTABLE PRICING

Recent change in domestic Canadian ceiling prices have resulted in comparatively lower maximum prices realized by certain Canadian producers of pulpwood who ship into this country. This has resulted in retarded shipments of pulp-

wood, essential to the manufacture of paper and paper products, to this country. Consequently, members of this industry have requested the Office of Price Administration to adjust the maximum prices of pulpwood shipped to this country from the Provinces of Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

A contemplated study of the problem involved will of necessity require conferences with the industry affected and others and the passage of some considerable amount of time. Unless adjustable pricing is granted in the interim to purchasers of this pulpwood, production of essential paper and paperboard products in this country will be seriously jeopardized and our transition from a war-time to a peace-time economy endangered. The granting of such authority is consistent with the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

Therefore, under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of Maximum Price Regulation 530, *It is ordered, That:*

(1) Any person may import, agree or offer to import, pulpwood from the Provinces of Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia in the Dominion of Canada, at prices which may be adjusted in accordance with the maximum prices established by the Office of Price Administration as a result of its proposed study of maximum prices of this commodity.

(2) Payments in excess of the current maximum prices of this commodity established under MPR 530 may be paid, if and when any increase in such maximum prices has been granted by this Office, and the amount so paid shall be the difference, if any, between the current maximum prices and any higher maximum prices hereafter granted as a result of this study.

(3) This order shall remain in effect only until action of general applicability with respect to the present maximum prices of imported pulpwood covered by MPR 530 has been taken by the Office of Price Administration, unless sooner revoked.

This order shall become effective August 19, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14492; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
4:07 p. m.]

[MPR 592, Amdt. 59 to Order 1]

CLAY BUILDING BRICK PRODUCED IN HUDSON RIVER AREA

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

An opinion accompanying this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Order 1 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 2.1 (b) (1) is amended to read as follows:

(1) The manufacturers' maximum prices established pursuant to Maximum Price Regulation 592, for clay building brick (common and face, except ceramic glazed brick and "H" Grade Hudson River Common Brick) produced in that part of the state of New York within 10 air miles of the east and west banks of the Hudson River between the north line of the City of Schuylerville and the south line of the City of Newburgh, may be increased by adding the following amounts to the f. o. b. plant or delivered prices:

(i) \$5.25 per thousand for standard size brick and \$6.50 per thousand for oversize brick when delivered in the Metropolitan New York City Area, which is defined to include that area of New York State lying east of the Hudson River and west of a line directly connecting Ossining, New York, with Rye, New York, and that portion of Long Island and New York City which lies west of the boundary between Nassau and Suffolk Counties. It also includes Staten Island, the west bank of the Hudson River south of Haverstraw, New York, and the waters of the Passaic and Hackensack Rivers, and the tributary waters of such rivers, as far north as Passaic, New Jersey, and Hackensack, New Jersey, respectively.

(ii) \$4.25 per thousand for standard size and \$5.25 per thousand for oversize brick when delivered in areas other than the Metropolitan New York City Area.

(iii) The maximum prices for the above classification of brick shall be subject to an allowance of \$1.00 per M for unloading and \$0.50 per M for cash payment. The terms under which such allowances are given shall not be made more onerous to the purchaser than those in effect in March 1942.

2. Section 2.1 (b) (3) is amended to read as follows:

(3) Any price adjustments granted prior to August 19, 1946, by the Price Administrator or any Regional Administrator for any seller of brick covered by the provisions set forth in (b) (1) and (2) above, and particularly Amendments 5, 28, and 37 to Order A-1 of Maximum Price Regulation 188, are hereby revoked.

3. A new section 2.4 (c) is added to read as follows:

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of (a) and (b) above, any jobber or dealer purchasing clay building brick (common and face, except ceramic glazed brick and "H" Grade Hudson River common brick) for resale in the same form from any manufacturer who has modified his maximum prices in accordance with section 2.1 (b) (1) above, may increase his maximum March 1942 f. o. b. yard or delivered prices as follows:

(1) For resellers located outside the five boroughs of New York City and the county of Nassau. (i) By an amount not exceeding the dollars-and-cents increase in cost to him resulting from an increase permitted manufacturers prior to March 31, 1946.

(ii) By an amount not exceeding the percentage increase in cost to him resulting from an increase in maximum prices permitted the manufacturers after March 31, 1946.

(2) For resellers located in the five boroughs of New York City and the county of Nassau. By amount not in excess of the following to maximum prices established under area orders under General Order 68, prior to August 19, 1946.

Standard size brick..... \$2.60 per M
Oversized brick..... \$3.25 per M

This amendment shall become effective August 19, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of August 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14493; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
4:08 p. m.]

Regional and District Office Orders.

LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Revised General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register August 15, 1946.

Region I

Hartford Order 10-F, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in Connecticut. Filed 10:18 a. m.

Region II

New York Order 1-RO, covering dry groceries in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, and in the District of Columbia and in Arlington and Fairfax counties and the City of Alexandria in Virginia. Filed 10:15 a. m.

Pittsburgh Order 9-F, Amendment 23, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Pennsylvania. Filed 10:14 a. m.

Pittsburgh Order 10-F, Amendment 22, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. Filed 10:13 a. m.

Pittsburgh Order 11-F, Amendment 22, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Erie and Warren county, Pennsylvania. Filed 10:13 a. m.

Pittsburgh Order 12-F, Amendment 22, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Pennsylvania. Filed 10:11 a. m.

Pittsburgh Order 14-F, Amendment 1, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Pennsylvania. Filed 10:10 a. m.

Pittsburgh Order 15-F, Amendment 1, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. Filed 10:10 a. m.

Pittsburgh Order 16-F, Amendment 1, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Erie and Warren counties, Pennsylvania. Filed 10:09 a. m.

Pittsburgh Order 17-F, Amendment 1, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Pennsylvania. Filed 10:09 a. m.

Pittsburgh Order 18-F, Amendment 1, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Crawford, Forest and Venango Counties, Pennsylvania. Filed 10:09 a. m.

Pittsburgh Order 32, covering dry groceries in certain parts of the Pittsburgh District. Filed 10:33 a. m.

Pittsburgh Order 32, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Pennsylvania. Filed 10:33 a. m.

Pittsburgh Order 35, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Pennsylvania. Filed 10:32 a. m.

Pittsburgh Order 36, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Pennsylvania. Filed 10:29 a. m.

Pittsburgh Order 39, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Pennsylvania. Filed 10:28 a. m.

Scranton Order 7-F, Amendment 1, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Pennsylvania. Filed 10:17 a. m.

Scranton Order 8-F, Amendment 1, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Pennsylvania. Filed 10:16 a. m.

Scranton Order 28, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Pennsylvania. Filed 10:16 a. m.

Scranton Order 29, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Pennsylvania. Filed 10:16 a. m.

Wilmington Order 28, covering dry groceries in the State of Delaware lying north of the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal. Filed 10:15 a. m.

Region III

Charleston Order 7-F, Amendment 70, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in West Virginia except the city of Huntington in Wayne county, West Virginia. Filed 10:26 a. m.

Charleston Order 9-F, Amendment 70, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Cabell county and the city of Huntington in Wayne county, West Virginia. Filed 10:26 a. m.

Charleston Order 10-F, Amendment 70, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in West Virginia. Filed 10:25 a. m.

Charleston Order 11-F, Amendment 70, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Berkeley, Jefferson and Morgan counties, West Virginia. Filed 10:25 a. m.

Charleston Order 14-F, Amendment 23, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in West Virginia. Filed 10:24 a. m.

Charleston Order 15-F, Amendment 67, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in West Virginia. Filed 10:24 a. m.

Charleston Order 16-F, Amendment 67, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Boone, Fayette, Kanawha, Putnam and Raleigh counties, West Virginia. Filed 10:22 a. m.

Charleston Order 17-F, Amendment 66, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in West Virginia. Filed 10:23 a. m.

Charleston Orders 1-D and 2-D, Amendment 3, covering butter and cheese in all counties in West Virginia. Filed 10:27 a. m.

Charleston Order 10, Amendments 11 and 12, covering dry groceries in the State of West Virginia. Filed 10:22 and 10:21 a. m.

Charleston Order 13, Amendment 15, covering dry groceries in all counties in West Virginia. Filed 10:20 and 10:21 a. m.

Charleston Order 13, Amendment 15A, covering dry groceries in the State of West Virginia. Filed 10:19 a. m.

Charleston Order 13, Amendment 16, covering dry groceries in all counties in West Virginia. Filed 10:21 a. m.

Charleston Order 14, Amendments 11 and 12, covering dry groceries in all counties in West Virginia. Filed 10:18 a. m.

Region V

Dallas Order 4-F, Amendment 51, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Dallas county, Texas. Filed 9:17 a. m.

Dallas Order 6-F, Amendment 40, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in McLellan county, Texas. Filed 9:17 a. m.

Dallas Order 8-F, Amendment 9, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Texas. Filed 9:16 a. m.

Oklahoma City Order 14-F, Amendment 5, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Garfield, Oklahoma and Pottawatomie counties, Oklahoma. Filed 9:16 a. m.

Oklahoma City Order 15-F, Amendment 5, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Muskogee and Tulsa counties, Oklahoma. Filed 9:15 a. m.

Oklahoma City Order 16-F, Amendment 5, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Oklahoma. Filed 9:15 a. m.

Oklahoma City Order 17-F, Amendment 5, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Oklahoma. Filed 9:14 a. m.

Region VI

Chicago Order 2-F, Amendment 125, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Cook, DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry counties Illinois and Lake county, Indiana. Filed 9:10 a. m.

Chicago Order 1-M, Amendment 2, covering bottled beer and ale in Chicago, Illinois. Filed 9:10 a. m.

Chicago Order 2-M, Amendment 1, covering bottled beer and ale in Lake county, Indiana. Filed 9:10 a. m.

Chicago Order 3-M, Amendment 1, covering bottled beer and ale in certain areas in Illinois. Filed 9:09 a. m.

Des Moines Order 4-F, Amendment 42, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Iowa and the city of South Sioux City, Nebraska. Filed 9:08 a. m.

Des Moines Order 5-F, Amendment 42, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Iowa. Filed 9:08 a. m.

Des Moines Order 6-F, Amendment 42, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Iowa. Filed 9:08 a. m.

Des Moines Order 7-F, Amendment 42, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Iowa. Filed 9:08 a. m.

Green Bay Order 20, Amendment 4, covering dry groceries in certain areas in Wisconsin. Filed 9:04 a. m.

Green Bay Order 21, Amendment 4, covering dry groceries in certain areas in Wisconsin. Filed 9:03 a. m.

Green Bay Order 22, Amendment 4, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Wisconsin. Filed 9:03 a. m.

Omaha Order 52, covering dry groceries in Groups 3 and 4 stores in Nebraska. Filed 9:14 a. m.

Sioux Falls Order 5-F, Amendment 25, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the county of Minnehaha, South Dakota. Filed 9:02 a. m.

Sioux Falls Order 23, Amendment 3, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Minnesota, Iowa and South Dakota. Filed 9:07 a. m.

Sioux Falls Order 24, Amendment 5, covering dry groceries in certain counties in South Dakota, Iowa and Minnesota. Filed 9:06 a. m.

Sioux Falls Order 25, Amendment 5, covering dry groceries in certain counties in South Dakota and Minnesota. Filed 9:06 a. m.

Sioux Falls Order 26, Amendment 5, covering dry groceries in certain counties in South Dakota. Filed 9:05 a. m.

Springfield Order 60, Amendment 6, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Illinois. Filed 9:11 a. m.

Springfield Order 61, Amendment 6, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Illinois. Filed 9:12 a. m.

Springfield Order 63, Amendment 7, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Illinois. Filed 9:12 a. m.

Springfield Order 64, Amendment 5A, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Illinois. Filed 9:13 a. m.

Copies of any of these orders may be obtained from the OPA Office in the designated city.

ERVIN H. POLLACK,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14419; Filed, Aug. 16, 1946;
4:21 p. m.]

LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Revised General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register August 16, 1946.

Region I

Concord Order 9-F, Amendment 66, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Manchester, Nashua, Concord, Rochester, Somersworth, Dover, Portsmouth. Filed 10:12 a. m.

Concord Order 17, Amendment 11, covering dry groceries sold in the State of New Hampshire. Filed 10:11 a. m.

Providence Order 3-F, Amendment 64, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Rhode Island. Filed 10:10 a. m.

Providence Order 8, Amendment 7, covering dry groceries in the State of Rhode Island except the town of New Shoreham. Filed 10:08 a. m.

Region II

Albany Order 16-F, Amendment 1, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities and the town of Green Island, New York. Filed 10:09 a. m.

Syracuse Order 52, covering dry groceries in certain counties in New York. Filed 10:09 a. m.

Region III

Charleston Order 7-F, Amendment 71, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in West Virginia except the city of Huntington, in Wayne county, West Virginia. Filed 4:35 p. m.

Charleston Order 9-F, Amendment 71, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Cabell county and the city of Huntington in Wayne county, West Virginia. Filed 4:20 p. m.

Charleston Order 10-F, Amendment 71, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in

certain counties in West Virginia. Filed 4:19 p. m.

Charleston Order 15-F, Amendment 68, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in West Virginia. Filed 4:19 p. m.

Charleston Order 16-F, Amendment 68, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Boone, Fayette, Kanawha, Putnam, and Raleigh counties, West Virginia. Filed 4:19 p. m.

Charleston Order 17-F, Amendment 67, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in West Virginia. Filed 4:18 p. m.

Charleston Order 14, Amendment 10, covering dry groceries in the State of West Virginia. Filed 10:06 a. m.

Cleveland Order 3-F, Amendment 65-A, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Ohio. Filed 10:05 a. m.

Cleveland Order 6-F, Amendment 34, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Cuyahoga county, Ohio. Filed 10:05 a. m.

Cleveland Order 7-F, Amendment 34, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Ohio. Filed 10:06 a. m.

Cleveland Order 8-F, Amendment 7, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in Ohio. Filed 10:05 a. m.

Detroit Order 21-W, Amendment 5, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Michigan. Filed 10:07 a. m.

Detroit Order 32, Amendment 5, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Michigan. Filed 10:07 a. m.

Region IV

Birmingham Order 5-F, Amendments 41 and 42, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Jefferson county, Alabama. Filed 4:17 and 4:16 p. m.

Birmingham Order 6-F, Amendment 16, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Alabama. Filed 10:32 a. m.

Birmingham Order 25-F, Amendment 14, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Alabama. Filed 10:31 a. m.

Birmingham Order 26-F, Amendments 40 and 41, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Mobile county. Filed 10:31 and 10:30 a. m.

Birmingham Order 27-F, Amendments 42 and 43, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Montgomery county. Filed 10:30 and 10:29 a. m.

Birmingham Order 28-F, Amendments 40 and 41, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Houston county, Alabama. Filed 10:29 a. m.

Birmingham Order 29-F, Amendments 39 and 40, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Dallas county, Alabama. Filed 10:28 a. m.

Jackson Order 7-F, Amendment 41, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Mississippi. Filed 10:27 a. m.

Jackson Order 1-O, Amendment 16, covering eggs in the city of Jackson, Mississippi, area. Filed 10:27 a. m.

Richmond Order 8-F, Amendment 39, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in Virginia. Filed 10:26 a. m.

Richmond Order 13-F, Amendment 41, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in

certain cities, counties and towns in Virginia. Filed 10:26 a. m.

Region VIII

Portland Order 32-F, Amendment 37, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in Oregon. Filed 4:16 p. m.

Portland Order 33-F, Amendment 37, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Roseburg, Grants Pass, Ashland, Lakeview, Oregon, area. Filed 4:16 p. m.

Portland Order 34-F, Amendment 36, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Astoria, Coos Bay, Oregon, area. Filed 4:15 p. m.

Portland Order 35-F, Amendment 37, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Florence, Reedsport, Coquille, Oregon, area. Filed 4:15 p. m.

Portland Order 36-F, Amendment 37, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the cities of Bend and Pendleton, Oregon. Filed 4:15 p. m.

Portland Order 27-F, Amendment 37, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in La Grande, Baker, Redmond, Heppner, Oregon area. Filed 4:15 p. m.

Portland Order 38-F, Amendment 37, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Haines, Wallowa, Enterprise, Oregon area. Filed 4:15 p. m.

Portland Order 39-F, Amendment 37, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Albany, Corvallis, Eugene, Oregon area. Filed 4:14 p. m.

Portland Order 42-F, Amendment 38, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in Oregon. Filed 4:14 p. m.

Portland Order 43-F, Amendment 17, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Kelso, Salem, The Dalles, Clatskanie, Forest Grove, Oregon area. Filed 4:14 p. m.

Seattle Order 20-F, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Seattle, Tacoma, and Bremerton, Washington. Filed 4:14 p. m.

Seattle Order 21-F, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Bellingham and Everett, Washington. Filed 4:13 p. m.

Seattle Order 22-F, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Olympia, Aberdeen, Hoquiam, Centralia and Chehalis, Washington. Filed 4:13 p. m.

Seattle Order 23-F, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Yakima, Wenatchee and East Wenatchee, Washington. Filed 4:12 p. m.

Copies of any of these orders may be obtained from the OPA Office in the designated city.

ERVIN H. POLLACK,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14472; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
11:29 a. m.]

[Miami Rev. Order G-1, Under Gen. Order 50,
Amtd. 5]

MALT AND CEREAL BEVERAGES IN MIAMI AREAS

An opinion accompanying this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith. Revised Order G-1 under GO-50 is amended in the following respects:

(1) Appendices "A" and "B" of the order are amended to conform to the Appendices¹ attached to and forming a part of this amendment.

¹ Filed as part of the original document.

Effective August 12, 1946.

Issued this 7th day of August 1946.

E. H. HULSE,
Acting District Director.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14423; Filed, Aug. 16, 1946;
4:22 p. m.]

[Raleigh Order G-3 Under Gen. Order 50,
Amdt. 3]

MALT AND CEREAL BEVERAGES IN RALEIGH AREA

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and under the authority vested in the District Director of the Raleigh, North Carolina District Office of Region IV of the Office of Price Administration by General Order No. 50, issued by the Administrator of the Office of Price Administration, and Region IV Revised Delegation Order No. 17, issued May 5, 1944, the heading of Order G-3 is amended to read as follows:

Office of Price Administration, Raleigh, North Carolina District Office, Region IV, Order G-3 Under General Order No. 50, Maximum Prices for Malt and Cereal Beverages in Certain Area; and the Appendices A and B in Order G-3 under General Order No. 50 are amended as follows:

APPENDIX A PART I—BOTTLED BEERS AND ALES

Commodity and brand or trade name	Maximum price per bottle					
	Group 1B		Group 2B		Group 3B	
	12-oz.	32-oz.	12-oz.	32-oz.	12-oz.	32-oz.
Beer						
Ambassador	26	52	21	47	19	44
Barbarossa	26	52	21	47	19	44
Blatz Pilsener	26	52	21	47	19	44
Budweiser	26	52	21	47	19	44
Down's Art and Art	26	52	21	47	19	44
Edelbrew Premium	26	52	21	47	19	44
Ehert's Extra	26	52	21	47	19	44
Embassy Club	26	52	21	47	19	44
Lambie	26	52	21	47	19	44
Loewer's Premium	26	52	21	47	19	44
Miller High Life	26	52	21	47	19	44
Namar	26	52	21	47	19	44
Old Brew	26	52	21	47	19	44
Pabst Blue Ribbon	26	52	21	47	19	44
Peter Hand Extra Pale	26	52	21	47	19	44
Royal Amber	26	52	21	47	19	44
Schlitz	26	52	21	47	19	44
Trim	26	52	21	47	19	44
Tru-Blu Old-Fashioned Premium	26	52	21	47	19	44
Special Ale						
Champ	31	62	26	52	23	47
Ale						
Carling's Red Cap	26	52	21	47	19	44
Drewery's Old Stock	26	52	21	47	19	43
Krueger's Cream	26	52	21	47	19	43
Loewer's Premium	26	52	21	47	19	43
Red Top	26	52	21	47	19	43
Triple X (XXX) Ballantine	26	52	21	47	19	43
Tru-Blu Old-Fashioned Premium	26	52	21	47	19	43
Down's India Pale (7-oz. bottle)	20	40	15	30	13	26
All other brands of Domestic or Imported Beer and Ale not listed above and not listed in Appendix B hereof, including Unlabeled Beer and Ale	21	42	16	32	14	28

For all other brands of beer and ale in less than 12-oz. bottles 16 cents per bottle for groups 1B, 2B, and 3B.

PART II—DRAUGHT BEERS AND ALES

Commodity and brand or trade name	Size	Maximum prices for groups		
		1B	2B	3B
All brands	8 oz.	Cents 13	Cents 10	Cents 9
	10 oz.	15	12	11
	12 oz.	17	14	13
	14 oz.	19	16	15

All other sizes 1 cent per ounce, for all groups.

NOTE: The above prices include all State taxes, sales or otherwise, and all Federal taxes with the exception of the Federal excise tax on cabarets. Sellers who are required to pay the Federal excise tax on cabarets may add the same to the above prices if such tax is separately stated and collected.

APPENDIX B

The brands listed herein are not to be used for the purpose of classification into groups, as provided in section 4 of the order.

Commodity and brand or trade name	Maximum price per bottle					
	Group 1B		Group 2B		Group 3B	
	12-oz.	32-oz.	12-oz.	32-oz.	12-oz.	32-oz.
Beer						
Bay State	21	42	19	38	17	34
Berghoff	21	42	19	38	17	34
Burger Brau	21	42	19	38	17	34
Doerschuck	21	42	19	38	17	34
Ebling's Extra	21	42	19	38	17	34
Esslinger's	21	42	19	38	17	34
Gold Medal Tivoli	21	42	19	38	17	34
Guthrie's	21	42	19	38	17	34
Hi-Brau	21	42	19	38	17	34
Holland Premium	21	42	19	38	17	34
Hornung's	21	42	19	38	17	34
Koenig's Special	21	42	19	38	17	34
Krueger's Finest	21	42	19	38	17	34
Lion	21	42	19	38	17	34
Meister Brau	21	42	19	38	17	34
Metzger's Pilsener	21	42	19	38	17	34
Morlein	21	42	19	38	17	34
Oxford	21	42	19	38	17	34
Peters (1854)	21	42	19	38	17	34
P. O. S.	21	42	19	38	17	34
Red Fox	21	42	19	38	17	34
Supreme	21	42	19	38	17	34
Ale						
Bay State	21	42	19	38	17	34
Esslinger's (Little Man)	21	42	19	38	17	34
Gold Medal Tivoli	21	42	19	38	17	34
Graham's Carbonated	21	42	19	38	17	34
Koenig's	21	42	19	38	17	34
Lion	21	42	19	38	17	34
Oxford	21	42	19	38	17	34
Down's India Pale (7-oz. bottles)	20	40	15	30	13	26

For all other brands of beer and ale in less than 12-oz. bottles: 10 cents per bottle for Groups 1B, 2B, and 3B.

NOTE: The above prices include all State taxes, sales or otherwise, and all Federal taxes with the exception of the Federal excise tax on cabarets. Sellers who are required to pay the Federal excise tax on cabarets may add the same to the above prices if such tax is separately stated and collected.

This Amendment No. 3 becomes effective July 27, 1946.

Issued this 26th day of July 1946.

THEODORE S. JOHNSON,
District Director.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14420; Filed, Aug. 16, 1946;
4:22 p. m.]

[Raleigh 2d Rev. Order G-1 Under Gen. Order 50, Amdt. 2]

MALT AND CEREAL BEVERAGES IN RALEIGH AREA

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and under the authority vested in the District

Director of the Raleigh, North Carolina District Office of Region IV of the Office of Price Administration by General Order No. 50, issued by the Administrator of the Office of Price Administration, and Region IV Revised Delegation Order No. 17, issued May 5, 1944, the Appendices A and B in 2d Revised Order G-1 under General Order No. 50 are amended as follows:

APPENDIX A

PART I—BOTTLED BEERS AND ALES

Commodity and brand or trade name	Maximum prices per bottle					
	Group 1B		Group 2B		Group 3B	
	12-oz.	32-oz.	12-oz.	32-oz.	12-oz.	32-oz.
Beer						
Blatz Pilsner	26	52	21	47	18	44
Budweiser	26	52	21	47	18	44
Canadian Ace	26	52	21	47	18	44
Down's Art and Art	26	52	21	47	18	44
Edelbrew Special	26	52	21	47	18	44
Eichler	26	52	21	47	18	44
Loewers	26	52	21	47	18	44
Miller's High Life	26	52	21	47	18	44
Namar	26	52	21	47	18	44
Narragansett	26	52	21	47	18	44
National Premium	26	52	21	47	18	44
Pabst Blue Ribbon	26	52	21	47	18	44
Schlitz	26	52	21	47	18	44
Trim	26	52	21	47	18	44
Tru-Blu Old Fashioned	26	52	21	47	18	44
Ale						
Ballantine's XXX	26	52	21	47	18	44
Canadian Ace	26	52	21	47	18	44
Carling's Red Cap	26	52	21	47	18	44
Krueger Cream Ale	26	52	21	47	18	44
Special Ale						
Champ	31	62	26	52	22	47
All other brands of domestic or imported beer and ale not listed above and not listed in Appendix B hereof including unlabeled beer and ale	21	42	16	32	14	28

For beers and ales bottled in containers of odd sizes; that is, other than 12 oz. or 32 oz. sizes, the maximum price for such odd size bottle shall be calculated by multiplying the number of net ounces of the beverage by 1¢.

The above prices include all State taxes, sales or otherwise, and all Federal taxes with the exception of the Federal excise tax on cabarets. Sellers who are required to pay the Federal excise tax on cabarets may add the same to the above prices if such tax is separately stated and collected.

PART II—DRAUGHT BEERS AND ALES

Commodity and brand or trade name	Size	Maximum prices for groups		
		1B	2B	3B
All brands	8 oz.	Cents \$0.10	Cents \$0.10	Cents \$0.10
	9 oz.	.11	.11	.11
	10 oz.	.12	.12	.12

NOTE: For any size of container other than those set forth above, the maximum price for sellers of all groups shall be 1¢ per ounce of beverage.

The above prices include all State taxes, sales or otherwise, and all Federal taxes with the exception of the Federal excise tax on cabarets. Sellers who are required to pay the Federal excise tax on cabarets may add the same to the above price if such tax is separately stated and collected.

APPENDIX B

NOTE: This Appendix B fixes maximum prices for all groups of sellers on certain so-called "intermediate priced" beers and ales. A seller may not establish his group on the basis of the prices given in Appendix B, but must determine his group on the basis of prices given for the other brands covered by Appendix A.

Commodity and brand or trade name	Maximum prices per bottle					
	Group 1B		Group 2B		Group 3B	
	12-oz.	32-oz.	12-oz.	32-oz.	12-oz.	32-oz.
<i>Beer</i>	<i>Ct.</i>	<i>Ct.</i>	<i>Ct.</i>	<i>Ct.</i>	<i>Ct.</i>	<i>Ct.</i>
Barbarossa	21	47	21	47	18	44
Bay State	21	47	21	47	18	44
Berghoff	21	47	21	47	18	44
Black Label	21	47	18	44	16	42
Bohemian Premium	21	47	18	44	16	42
Bowdoin	21	47	18	44	16	42
Burger Brau	21	47	21	47	18	44
Camden Light Lager	21	47	21	47	18	44
Cold Springs	21	47	18	44	16	42
Doerschuck	21	47	21	47	18	44
Dorquest	21	47	21	47	18	44
Dover	21	47	21	47	18	44
Ebling's Extra	21	47	21	47	18	44
Ehret's Extra	21	47	21	47	18	44
Esslinger's	21	47	21	47	18	44
Fell's Extra	21	47	18	44	16	42
Free State	21	47	21	47	18	44
Genesee Lager	21	47	21	47	18	44
Gold Label	21	47	21	47	18	44
Gold Medal Tivoli	21	47	21	47	18	44
Gunter's	21	47	18	44	16	42
Heilloom Premium	21	47	21	47	18	44
Hi-Brau	21	47	21	47	18	44
Hohenadel	21	47	21	47	18	44
Holland	21	47	21	47	18	44
Hornung's	21	47	21	47	18	44
Koenig Brau	21	47	21	47	18	44
Koenig's Special	21	47	18	44	16	42
Kreuger	21	47	21	47	18	44
Lambie	21	47	21	47	18	44
Lang's	21	47	18	44	16	42
Lebanon Valley	21	47	18	44	16	42
Lion	21	47	21	47	18	44
Morjein	21	47	18	44	16	42
Nectar	21	47	21	47	18	44
P. O. S.	21	47	21	47	18	44
Peters	21	47	18	44	16	42
Pilsner's Original	21	47	18	44	16	42
Red Fox	21	47	18	44	16	42
Red Rose	21	47	18	44	16	42
Ruppert Knickerbocker-N.Y.	21	47	21	47	18	44
Supreme	21	47	21	47	18	44
Tedcaster	21	47	18	44	16	42
Topaz	21	47	21	47	18	44
Victory Premium	21	47	21	47	18	44
White Cap	21	47	21	47	18	44
<i>Ale</i>						
Bay State	21	47	21	47	18	44
Creme	21	47	18	44	16	42
Dover	21	47	21	47	18	44
Esslinger's Little Man	21	47	21	47	18	44
Graham's XXX	21	47	18	44	16	42
Koenig's Special	21	47	18	44	16	42
Lang's	21	47	18	44	16	42
New England	21	47	21	47	18	44
Pilsner's Original	21	47	18	44	16	42
Red Top	21	47	21	47	18	44
Tedcaster	21	47	18	44	16	42

For beers and ales bottled in containers of odd sizes; that is, other than 12 oz. or 32 oz. sizes, the maximum price for such odd size bottle shall be calculated by multiplying the number of net ounces of the beverage by 16.

The above prices include all State taxes, sales or otherwise, and all Federal taxes with the exception of the Federal excise tax on cabarets. Sellers who are required to pay the Federal excise tax on cabarets may add the same to the above price if such tax is separately stated and collected.

This Amendment No. 2 becomes effective July 27, 1946.

Issued this 26th day of July 1946.

THEODORE S. JOHNSON,
District Director.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14421; Filed, Aug. 16, 1946;
4:22 p. m.]

[Memphis Order G-3 Under Gen. Order 50,
Amdt. 4]

MALT AND CEREAL BEVERAGES IN MEMPHIS AREA

An opinion accompanying this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

District Order No. G-3 under Order No. 50 is amended in the following respects:

Appendix A to said District Order No. G-3 under General Order No. 50 is amended to read as follows:

APPENDIX A

GROUP 1-B

Brand or trade name	Maximum price per bottle	
	12-ounce	32-ounce
	<i>Cents</i>	<i>Cents</i>
Ballentine Ale	26	47
Ballentine-Brucks	26	47
Barbarossa	26	47
Buckingham Premium Ale	26	47
Budweiser	26	47
Canadian Ace Beer and Ale	26	47
Carta Blanca	26	47
Chesterton Beer	26	47
Doran's Export Beer and Ale	26	47
Embassy Club	26	47
Kingsbury Pale	26	47
Holler's Topaz	26	47
Miller's High-Life	26	47
Pabst Blue Ribbon	26	47
Peerless Amber	26	47
Red Top Ale	26	47
Ruby Beer	26	47
Schlitz	26	47
Silver Fox Deluxe	26	47
Van Merritt	26	47
Drewry's Ale	26	47
Van Wyck	26	47
Ems Beer	26	47
Four Crown Special	26	47
Maltazo	26	47
King's Brew	26	47
All other brands not listed above (including unlabeled bottles)	22	42

Draught beer:	<i>Cents</i>
8 oz. glass	9
10 oz. glass	12
12 oz. glass	15
14 oz. glass	17
16 oz. glass	19
Michelob draft beer:	
8 oz. glass	12
10 oz. glass	15
12 oz. glass	18
14 oz. glass	21
16 oz. glass	24

Sellers who are required to pay a Federal Excise Tax on cabarets may add same to above prices if such tax is separately stated and collected. All other taxes are included.

GROUP 2-B

Brand or trade name	Maximum price per bottle	
	12-ounce	32-ounce
	<i>Cents</i>	<i>Cents</i>
Ballentine Ale	21	42
Ballentine-Brucks	21	42
Buckingham Premium Ale	21	42
Budweiser	21	42
Canadian Ace Beer and Ale	21	42
Carta Blanca	21	42
Chesterton Beer	21	42
Doran's Export Beer and Ale	21	42
Embassy Club	21	42
Kingsbury Pale	21	42
Koller's Topaz	21	42
Miller's High-Life	21	42
Pabst Blue Ribbon	21	42
Peerless Amber	21	42
Red Top Ale	21	42
Ruby Beer	21	42
Schlitz	21	42
Silver Fox Deluxe	21	42
Van Merritt	21	42
Barbarossa	21	42
Drewry's Ale	21	42
Van Wyck	21	42
Ems Beer	21	42
Four Crown Special	21	42
Maltazo	21	42
King's Brew	21	42
All other brands not listed above (including unlabeled bottles)	16	37

Draught beer:	<i>Cents</i>
8 oz. glass	8
10 oz. glass	10
12 oz. glass	12
14 oz. glass	14
16 oz. glass	16
Michelob draft beer:	
8 oz. glass	12
10 oz. glass	15
12 oz. glass	18
14 oz. glass	21
16 oz. glass	24

Sellers who are required to pay a Federal Excise Tax on cabarets may add same to above prices if such tax is separately stated and collected. All other taxes are included.

GROUP 3-B

Brand or trade name	Maximum price per bottle	
	12-ounce	32-ounce
	<i>Cents</i>	<i>Cents</i>
Ballentine Ale	18	37
Ballentine-Brucks	18	37
Barbarossa	18	37
Buckingham Premium Ale	18	37
Budweiser	18	37
Canadian Ace Beer and Ale	18	37
Carta Blanca	18	37
Chesterton Beer	18	37
Doran's Export Beer and Ale	18	37
Embassy Club	18	37
Kingsbury Pale	18	37
Koller's Topaz	18	37
Miller's High-Life	18	37
Pabst Blue Ribbon	18	37
Peerless Amber	18	37
Red Top Ale	18	37
Ruby Beer	18	37
Schlitz	18	37
Silver Fox Deluxe	18	37
Van Merritt	18	37
Drewry's Ale	18	37
Van Wyck	18	37
Ems Beer	18	37
Four Crown Special	18	37
Maltazo	18	37
King's Brew	18	37
All other brands not listed above (including unlabeled bottles)	14	32

Draught beer:	<i>Maximum price per bottle (cents)</i>
8 oz. glass	8
10 oz. glass	10
12 oz. glass	12
14 oz. glass	14
16 oz. glass	16

Sellers who are required to pay a Federal Excise Tax on cabarets may add same to above prices if such tax is separately stated and collected. All other taxes are included.

This order shall become effective July 25, 1946.

Issued this 2d day of August 1946.

M. B. STEWART,
District Director.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14422; Filed, Aug. 16, 1946;
4:22 p. m.]

LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Revised General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register August 16, 1946:

Region IV

Columbia Order 8-F, Amendments 36, 37, and 38, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the State of South Carolina. Filed 9:26 a. m.

Columbia Order 21, Amendments 7 and 8, covering dry groceries in the South Carolina area. Filed 9:25 a. m.

Columbia Order 22, Amendments 6 and 7, covering dry groceries in the South Carolina area. Filed 9:24 a. m.

Columbia Order 7-W, Amendment 7, covering dry groceries in the South Carolina area. Filed 9:23 a. m.

Miami Order 5-F, Amendment 41, covering certain cities and towns in Florida. Filed 9:38 a. m.

Miami Order 8-F, Amendment 17, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Monroe county, Florida. Filed 9:36 a. m.

Miami Revoking Orders 7-C, 8-C, and 9-C, covering poultry. Filed 9:36 and 9:35 a. m.

Miami Revoking Orders 10-C, 11-C, and 12-C, covering poultry. Filed 9:35 and 9:34 a. m.

Miami Revoking Order 13-C, covering poultry. Filed 9:34 a. m.

Miami Revoking Orders 8-O, 9-O, and 10-O, covering eggs. Filed 9:34 and 9:33 a. m.

Miami Revoking Orders 11-O and 12-O, covering eggs. Filed 9:33 and 9:32 a. m.

Memphis Order 8-F, Amendments 37 and 38, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the city of Memphis and county of Shelby, Tennessee. Filed 9:32 and 9:31 a. m.

Memphis Order 9-F, Amendment 13, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Tennessee. Filed 9:32 a. m.

Memphis Order 11-F, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Tennessee. Filed 9:31 a. m.

Memphis Order 13-C, Amendment 8, covering poultry in Memphis and Shelby county, Tennessee. Filed 9:30 a. m.

Memphis Orders 14-C and 15-C, Amendment 4, covering poultry in Groups 1 and 2 and 3 and 4 stores in Zone 17 except Shelby county in the Memphis area. Filed 9:29 a. m.

Memphis Orders 16-C and 17-C, Amendment 4, covering poultry in Groups 1 and 2 and 3 and 4 stores in Zone 19 in the Memphis area. Filed 9:29 and 9:28 a. m.

Memphis Orders 18-C and 19-C, Amendment 4, covering poultry in Groups 1 and 2 and 3 and 4 stores in Zone 20 in the Memphis area. Filed 9:28 a. m.

Memphis Orders 20-C and 21-C, Amendment 4, covering poultry in Groups 1 and 2 and 3 and 4 stores in Zone 21 in the Memphis area. Filed 9:27 a. m.

Raleigh Order 13-F, Amendment 38, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in North Carolina. Filed 9:42 a. m.

Raleigh Order 14-F, Amendment 26, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in North Carolina. Filed 9:42 a. m.

Raleigh Orders 23 and 24, Amendments 4 and 4A, covering dry groceries in Groups 1 and 2 and 3 and 4 stores in the North Carolina area. Filed 9:41 a. m.

Raleigh Order 26, Amendment 4, covering dry groceries in Groups 3 and 4 stores in the North Carolina area. Filed 9:38 a. m.

Region VI

Peoria Order 13, Amendment 5, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Illinois. Filed 9:47 a. m.

Peoria Adopting Order 21, Amendment 5, covering dry groceries in Groups 1 and 2 stores in the Illinois area. Filed 9:46 a. m.

Springfield Order 62, Amendment 6, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Illinois. Filed 9:45 a. m.

Springfield Order 1-M, covering bottled beer and ale in certain counties in Illinois. Filed 9:46 a. m.

Twin Cities Order 15, Amendment 4, covering dry groceries in certain counties in Minnesota. Filed 9:44 a. m.

Twin Cities Order 18, Amendment 3, covering dry groceries in certain areas in Minnesota. Filed 9:45 a. m.

Twin Cities Order 19, Amendment 3, covering dry groceries in certain areas in Minnesota. Filed 9:43 a. m.

Copies of any of these orders may be obtained from the OPA Office in the designated city.

ERVIN H. POLLACK,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14473; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
11:29 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

[File No. 70-1288]

PENNSYLVANIA GAS & ELECTRIC CORP.,
ET AL.

ORDER CORRECTING PRIOR ORDER

In the matter of Pennsylvania Gas & Electric Corporation, The Petersburg & Hopewell Gas Company, and Penn-Western Service Corporation. File No. 70-1288.

The Commission having on July 10, 1946 issued its findings, opinion and order (Holding Company Act Release No. 6769) approving the sale by Pennsylvania Gas & Electric Corporation ("Penn Corp"), a registered holding company, of its investment in one of its subsidiaries, The Petersburg & Hopewell Gas Company ("Petersburg"), to Scott, Horner & Mason, Incorporated, of Lynchburg, Virginia for a cash consideration of \$600,000, subject to closing adjustments;

The Commission having found that the properties of Petersburg could not be retained in combination with any other properties in Penn Corp's system under the standards of section 11 (b) (1) and that the divestment of Petersburg was necessary to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) (1), and the Commission having reserved jurisdiction with respect to the use of the proceeds obtained by Penn Corp from the sale of Petersburg;

The Commission having on July 19, 1946, issued an order releasing jurisdiction with respect to \$255,000 of the proceeds from the sale of Petersburg; and Penn Corp having requested that the Commission issue an order releasing jurisdiction with respect to the balance of the proceeds from the sale of Petersburg, in the amount of \$345,000, to be used to redeem a portion of Penn Corp's outstanding 6% Gold Debentures, Series A, due March 1, 1976, and include the specifications and itemizations necessary to satisfy the requirements of sections 371 (f) and 373 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended;

The Commission having on July 30, 1946, issued an order releasing jurisdiction with respect to the balance of the proceeds from the sale of Petersburg but having due to an oversight omitted to

include in such order the specifications and itemizations requested by Penn Corp;

Penn Corp having issued a notice of redemption of a portion of its debentures and having requested the Commission to issue an order correcting its order of July 30, 1946, nunc pro tunc, so as to include the specifications and itemizations necessary to satisfy the requirements of sections 371 (f) and 373 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended;

The Commission finding that the redemption of a portion of Penn Corp's outstanding 6% Gold Debentures, Series A, due March 1, 1976, is necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, and it appearing to the Commission that the request of Penn Corp that our order contain specifications and itemizations as aforesaid is, and was, as of the date of the order of July 30, 1946, a proper one to be granted and the Commission finding that said order of July 30, 1946, should be corrected in the respect requested as of the date thereof:

It is ordered, That the order of this Commission entered herein on July 30, 1946, be, and the same is hereby, corrected, as of the date thereof, by the substitution of the following paragraphs in place of the last two paragraphs contained in said order:

Penn Corp having requested that the Commission issue an order releasing jurisdiction with respect to the balance of the proceeds from the sale of Petersburg and having represented that such funds will be used for the redemption by Penn Corp of a portion of Penn Corp's outstanding 6% Gold Debentures, Series A, due March 1, 1976, at the redemption price of 105% of the principal amount, and Penn Corp having requested that the Commission include in such order the specifications and itemizations necessary to satisfy the requirements of sections 371 (f) and 373 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended:

It is ordered, That jurisdiction heretofore reserved by the Commission over the balance of the proceeds to Penn Corp from the sale of the common stock of Petersburg be, and the same hereby is released, such funds to be used by Penn Corp to effect the redemption of a portion of Penn Corp's outstanding 6% Gold Debentures, Series A, due March 1, 1976, the Commission finding that such expenditure by Penn Corp is necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14535; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
9:46 a. m.]

WAR ASSETS ADMINISTRATION.

[Rev. Special Order 24, Amdt. 1]

PRICING AND DISTRIBUTION POLICY FOR CONSUMER GOODS

War Assets Administration Revised
Special Order 24, March 16, 1946, entitled

"Pricing and Distribution Policy for Consumer Goods" (11 F.R. 3075) is hereby amended by changing the last sentence of paragraph 10 (h) to read as follows: "Such agents shall be required to present a written authorization from the principal for each purchase."

This amendment shall become effective August 15, 1946.

ROBERT M. LITTLEJOHN,
Administrator.

AUGUST 15, 1946.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14536; Filed, Aug. 20, 1946;
11:39 a. m.]

OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN.

[Vesting Order 7140]

MARY SOPHIE HAAF

In re: Bank account owned by Mary Sophie Haaf. F-28-23002-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Mary Sophie Haaf, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to Mary Sophie Haaf, by First National Bank in St. Louis, 323 North Broadway, St. Louis 2, Missouri, arising out of a checking account, entitled Mary Sophie Haaf, Germany, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian

to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance at any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 17, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14339; Filed, Aug. 16, 1946;
9:40 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 6964]

S. FRENKEL

In re: Stock owned by S. Frenkel. F-28-23352-D-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That S. Frenkel, the last known address of which is Unter den Linden 57-58, Berlin, Germany, is a partnership, organized under the laws of Germany, and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order No. 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Germany and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: Two (2) shares of no par value capital stock of The New York Central Railroad Company, 466 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York, a corporation organized under the laws of the States of New York, Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Pennsylvania and Michigan, evidenced by certificate number A 530656 and registered in the name of S. Frenkel (a partnership), together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and

certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on July 8, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14429; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
9:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 6971]

HELENE GOTZ ET AL.

In re: Stock owned by the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, distributees and legatees, names known, of Helene Gotz. F-28-23353-D-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, distributees and legatees, names unknown, of Helene Gotz, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: Thirty-eight (38) shares of no par value capital stock of The New York Central Railroad Company, 466 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York, a corporation organized under the laws of the States of New York, Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Pennsylvania and Michigan, evidenced by certificate number L 14213 and registered in the name of Estate

Helene Gotz, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1, a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 8, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14430; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
9:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7141]

ELIZABETH A. HAMMER

In re: Bank account owned by Elizabeth A. Hammer. F-28-8907-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Elizabeth A. Hammer, whose last known address is Soldau, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to Elizabeth A. Hammer, by The First National Bank of Portland, 5th, 6th and Stark Streets, Portland, Oregon, arising out of an agency account, entitled Elizabeth A. Hammer Agency Account, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 17, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14431; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
9:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7143]

KIEFER HELMKE & Co., M. B. H.

In re: Bank account owned by Kiefer Helmke & Co., M. B. H. F-28-2770-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Kiefer Helmke & Co., M. B. H., the last known address of which is Hamburg, Germany, is a corporation, organized under the laws of Germany, and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order No. 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Germany and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to Kiefer Helmke & Co., M. B. H., by Grace National Bank of New York, 7 Hanover Square, New York 5, New York, arising out of a checking account, entitled Kiefer Helmke & Co., and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an

admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 17, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14432; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
9:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7144]

ALBERTINE HERMANUTZ

In re: Bank account owned by Albertine Hermanutz, F-28-11377-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Albertine Hermanutz, whose last known address is Altheim, near Riedeingen, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to Albertine Hermanutz, by The First National Bank of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois, arising out of a savings account, Account Number 1,350,138, entitled Albertine Hermanutz, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that com-

pensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 17, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14433; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
9:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7145]

JOHN HOERR AND MARGRET HOERR

In re: Bank account owned by John Hoerr and Margret Hoerr. F-28-22670-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That John Hoerr and Margret Hoerr, whose last known address is Hammelbach i/Odenwald, Hessen-Darmstadt, Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to John Hoerr and Margret Hoerr, by Central Savings Bank in the City of New York, Broadway at 73rd Street, New York, New York, arising out of a savings account, Account Number 1,041,194, entitled John Hoerr and Margret Hoerr, or either or survivor, maintained at the branch office of the aforesaid bank located at 157 4th Avenue, New York, New York, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 17, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14434; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
9:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7147]

IHAGEE KAMERAWERK STEENBERGEN & CO.

In re: Debt owing to Ihagee Kamera-werk Steenbergen & Co., also known as Ihagee Camera Works, c/o Steenbergen and Co.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Ihagee Kamera-werk Steenbergen & Co., also known as Ihagee Camera Works, c/o Steenbergen and Co., the last known address of which is 24 Schandauerstrasse, Dresden, Germany, is a partnership, organized under the laws of Germany, and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order No. 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Germany and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to Ihagee Kamera-werk Steenbergen & Co., also known as Ihagee Camera Works, c/o Steenbergen and Co., by Medo Photo Supply Corporation, 15 West 47th Street, New York 19, New York, in the amount of \$7,733.72, as of June 7,

1946, together with any and all accruals thereto, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 17, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14435; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
9:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7149]

CATHARINE JOOST

In re: Bank account owned by Catharine Joost. F-28-22571-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Catharine Joost, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident

of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to Catharine Joost, by The Bowery Savings Bank, 110 East Forty-Second Street, New York, New York, arising out of a savings account, Account Number 1468327, entitled Catharine Joost, maintained at the branch office of the aforesaid bank located at 130 Bowery, New York, New York, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 17, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14437; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
9:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7148]

WILHELM IMFANGE

In re: Bank account owned by Wilhelm Imfange. F-28-13719-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Wilhelm Imfange, whose last known address is Campe Moor, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation of The Central Trust Company, 4th and Vine Streets, Cincinnati, Ohio, arising out of a savings account, Account Number 63864, entitled Nippert & Nippert Attys. in fact for Wilhelm Imfange, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Wilhelm Imfange, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have

the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 17, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14436; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
9:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7150]

DEUTSCHES KALISYNDIKAT, G. M. B. H.

In re: Bank account owned by Deutsches Kalisyndikat, G. M. b. h. F-28-22879-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Deutsches Kalisyndikat, G. M. b. h., the last known address of which is Dessauer Strasse 28-29, Berlin S. W. 11 Germany, is a corporation, partnership, association or other business organization, organized under the laws of Germany, and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order No. 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Germany and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to Deutsches Kalisyndikat, G. M. b. h., by The First National Bank of Boston, 67 Milk Street, Boston, Massachusetts, arising out of a checking account, entitled Deutsches Kalisyndikat, G. M. b. h., and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same.

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it

be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 17, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14438; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
9:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7151]

YOSHIKI KAWAOKA

In re: Bank account owned by Yoshiaki Kawaoka. F-39-4365-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Yoshiaki Kawaoka, whose last known address is Hiroshima-ken Saikigun, Miya Uchi-mura, Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to Yoshiaki Kawaoka, by Bank of America National Trust and Savings Association, 1 Powell Street, San Francisco, California, arising out of a savings account, entitled Yoshiaki Kawaoka, maintained at the branch office of the aforesaid bank located at Fowler, California, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 17, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14439; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
9:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7152]

ANGELA KLADDE

In re: Bank account owned by Angela Kladde, also known as Angela Kaldde. F-28-22655-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Angela Kladde, also known as Angela Kaldde, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to Angela Kladde, also known as Angela Kaldde, by Central Savings Bank in the City of New York, Broadway at 73rd Street, New York, New York, arising out of a savings account, Account Number 902,610, entitled Angela Kaldde, maintained at the branch office of the aforesaid bank located at 157 4th Avenue, New York, New York, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 17, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14440; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
9:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7155]

FRANK KUCHLER

In re: Bank account owned by and debt owing to the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees; names unknown, of Frank Kuchler, deceased. F-28-23207-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Frank Kuchler, deceased, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. That certain debt or other obligation of Northern State Bank, Ashland, Wisconsin, arising out of a savings account, Account Number 445, entitled Frank Kuchler Estate, maintained at the branch office of the aforesaid bank located at Butternut, Wisconsin, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

b. That certain debt or other obligation owing to the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Frank Kuchler, deceased, by Ashland County Bank, Ashland, Wisconsin, and/or Banking Commission, Madison, Wisconsin, in the amount of \$180.34, as of June 13, 1946, evidenced by two trust checks, presently in the custody of the Northern State Bank, Butternut, Wisconsin, together with said trust checks, and any and all accruals thereto, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Frank Kuchler, deceased, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not with-

in a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 17, 1946.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-14441; Filed, Aug. 19, 1946;
9:48 a. m.]